

DOCUMENT DTI-UM-2769-2

USER MANUAL  
FOR  
DATA TRANSLATION INCORPORATED  
DT2769  
REAL-TIME CLOCK

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CHAPTER 1INTRODUCTION1.1 General Description

The DT2769 interface board is a Real-Time Clock system for users of the Digital Equipment Corporation (DEC) LSI-11 series of micro-computers. The DT2769 Real-Time Clock system is constructed on a standard DEC dual-height card that plugs directly into the LSI-11, LSI-11/2, PDP-11/03, or Heath H11 backplane. The DT2769 Real-Time Clock is totally compatible with the DEC KVV-11 Real-Time Clock but occupies only half the board space.

The Data Translation Real-Time Clock boards offer the user a full 16 bit event/interval counter that can be programmed to count at 5 internal crystal controlled frequencies, an external input, or from the Bus Event Line (50/60 Hz). In addition the counter can be programmed to operate in any one of the following 4 modes:

- 1) Single Interval
- 2) Repeated Interval
- 3) External Event Timing
- 4) External Event Timing from Zero Base

Thus offering the user the greatest flexibility in programming the Real-Time Clock.

The Data Translation Real-Time Clock boards also include two Schmitt triggers each of which can be set to fire at any level between  $\pm 12V$  and on either the positive or negative slope. These Schmitt triggers allow the user to start the clock, initiate A/D conversions, or generate program interrupts in response to external events.

User interfacing for Schmitt triggers and clock overflow signals is accomplished through the multi-pin connector (J1). In addition to appearing on (J1) the clock overflow pulse and Schmitt trigger pulse also appear on tab connectors allowing the user to jumper them directly to other boards via module jumpers.

The selection of the Control-Status Register address, interrupt vector address, and Schmitt trigger slope and level conditions are done through DIP switches. In addition provision is also made through the I/O connector J1 for external user provided slope switches and level controls for both Schmitt triggers.

CHAPTER 2SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 The following specifications for the Data Translation Real-Time Clock boards are @ 25°C unless otherwise specified.

2.1.1 Clock

Oscillator Accuracy 0.01%

Range

Crystal Oscillator  
Base Frequency = 10MHz  
Divided into 5 rates = (1MHz, 100KHz, 10KHz,  
1KHz, 100Hz)

Other sources = line frequency, Schmitt  
trigger 1 input

2.1.2 Input Output Signals

All inputs and outputs are TTL compatible unless otherwise specified.

2.1.2.1 Input Signals

1. ST1 IN (Schmitt Trigger 1 Input)

Maximum Input Range	±30V
Triggering Range	±12V (settable by means of potentiometer) or TTL
Triggering Slope	User selectable by means of switch for either positive or negative slope.
Origin	User device
Response Time	For analog level depends on waveform and amplitude for TTL logic levels typically 600nS
Hysteresis	Approximately 0.5V, positive and negative
Characteristics	Single ended (input 100 K $\Omega$ impedance to ground)

2. ST2 IN (Schmitt Trigger 2 Input)

Same as ST1 IN

2.1.2.2 Output Signals

1. CLK OVL (Clock Overflow)

Asserted Level	Low
Destination	User device (A/D system typically)
Duration	Approximately 500nS
Characteristics	TTL open collector driver with 470 $\Omega$ pull- up to +5V. Maximum source current from output through load to ground when output is high ( $\geq 2.4V$ ) is 5mA.

Characteristics (cont.)

Maximum sink current from external source voltage through load to output when output is low ( $\leq 0.8V$ ) is 8mA

2. ST1 OUT (Schmitt Trigger 1 Output)

Same as CLK OVL

3. ST2 OUT (Schmitt Trigger 2 Outputs)

Same as CLK OVL

2.1.2.3 Power Requirements (From Bus Power Supply)

DT2769: +5V. 1.75 Amps. MAX.  
+12V 10mA Typical

## CHAPTER 3

### PROGRAMMING REGISTERS

#### 3.1 Introduction

The interface registers of the DT2769 are designed to meet the requirements of standard DEC PDP-11 interfaces. As such, they are structured around a Control and Status Register for complete software control of the interface. The registers of the DT2769 are bit for bit compatible with the DEC KVV-11 Real-Time Clock. This chapter describes in detail the bit definitions of the Real-Time Clock registers.

#### 3.2 Summary of Registers

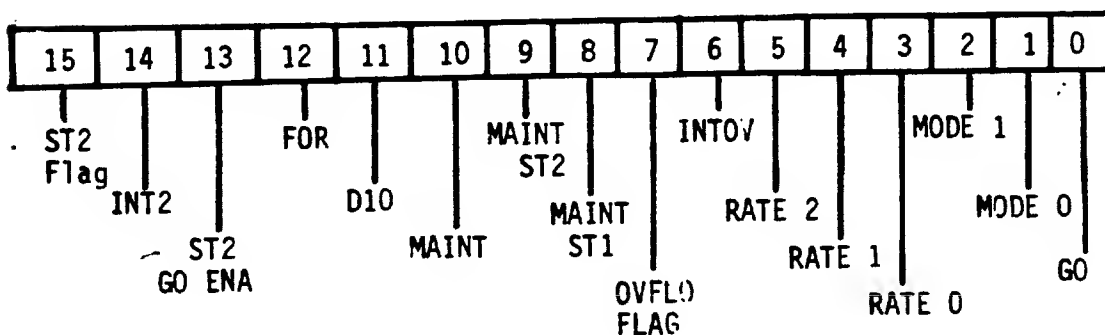
The following is a brief summary of the registers used by DT2769. The term base refers to the device address (See Chapter 4).

Register Name	Address	Comments
Control-Status Register (CSR)	Base	R/W Byte Addressable
Buffer/Preset Register (BPR)	Base + 2	R/W Word Addressable Only

#### 3.3 Detailed Register Description

The following sections describe the interface registers in detail and are the same for both the DT2769 and DT1709.

##### 3.3.1 Control-Status Register (CSR) Byte Addressable Base



##### Upper Byte

ST2 FLAG (bit 15) Read/Write to Zero

This bit is set by the firing of Schmitt Trigger 2 or by setting MAINT ST2 (bit 9) in any mode while GO (bit 0) or ST2 GO ENA (bit 13) is set. This bit is cleared under program control or when the GO bit is set unless the ST2 GO ENA bit had previously been set. The bit must be cleared after servicing an ST2 interrupt OVFLD FLAG (bit 7) interrupt if both are simultaneously in the enabled state. This bit is initialized to zero.



Chapter 3  
Continued.

INT2 (bit 14) Read/Write

When set, this bit enables interrupts to be generated upon the ST2 FLAG (bit 15) becoming set. This bit can be set and cleared under program control and is cleared by bus init.

ST2 GO ENA (bit 13) Read/Write

When set will allow the assertion of ST2 FLAG (bit 15) to set the GO bit (bit 0) and simultaneously clear ST2 GO ENA (bit 13). This bit is set and cleared under program control and is also cleared when the GO bit (bit 0) is set or by bus init.

FOR (bit 12) Read/Write

This bit is set if the counter overflows while OVF FLAG (Bit 7) is set or if ST2 is fired while ST2 FLAG is set indicating for either case an overrun condition in which the hardware is running faster than the software can handle. This bit can be set and cleared under program control and is also cleared by setting the GO bit or by bus init.

D10 (bit 11) Read/Write

Setting this bit disables the internal crystal oscillator and is used in conjunction with bit 10 (MAINT. OSC) for maintenance and diagnostic purposes. This bit is set and cleared under program control.

MAINT OSC (bit 10) Write/Read as Zero

Setting this bit simulates one cycle of the internal 10MHz crystal oscillator. This bit is typically used by the diagnostic programs to test the clock counter and divider chain for proper operation. This bit is set under program control and always reads back as zero.

MAINT ST2 (bit 09) Write/Read as Zero

Setting this bit simulates the firing of ST2. All digital functions initiated by ST2 can thus be exercised under program control. This bit is also typically used by diagnostic programs. The bit is set under program control and always reads back as zero.

MAINT ST1 (bit 08) Write/Read as Zero

Setting this bit simulates the firing of ST1. All digital functions initiated by ST1 firing can thus be exercised under program control. This bit is set under program control and always reads back as zero.

OVFLO FLAG (bit 07) Read/Write to Zero

This bit is set whenever the clock/counter register overflows indicating the occurrence of the overflow. This bit can be cleared under program control when the GO bit is set or by bus init.

INTOV (bit 06) Read/Write

When set this bit enables the assertion of OVFLO FLAG to generate an interrupt to the processor. This bit is set and cleared under program control.

CHAPTER 3  
(Continued)

**RATE(2-0) (bits 5-3) Read/Write**

These bits are decoded to select the input time base for the clock/counter register from one of eight sources as outlined in the following table.

RATE 2 (bit 5)	RATE 1 (bit 4)	RATE 0 (bit 3)	RATE SELECTED
0	0	0	STOP
0	0	1	1MHz
0	1	0	100KHz
0	1	1	10KHz
1	0	0	1KHz
1	0	1	100Hz
1	1	0	ST1
1	1	1	BEVNT (50/60Hz LTC)

The RATE select bits are set and cleared under program control and cleared by bus init.

**MODE (1-0) (bits 2-1) Read/Write**

These bits are decoded to select one of four possible modes for clock operation as outlined in the following table:

MODE 1 (bit 2)	MODE 0 (bit 1)	MODE SELECTED
0	0	MODE 0 Single Interval
0	1	MODE 1 Repeated Interval
1	0	MODE 2 External Event Timing
1	1	MODE 3 External Event Timing From Zero Base

Chapter 3  
Continued

These bits are set and cleared under program control and are also cleared by bus init.

**GO (bit 0) Read/Write**

Setting this bit initiates all counter on this board as determined by the setting of the RATE and MODE select bits. When cleared this bit causes the counter to be inhibited and cleared. The bit can be set and cleared under program control, in addition, it can also be set when ST2 FLAG is set while ST2 GO ENA is set. This bit stays set in MODE 1, 2 and 3 operation until explicitly cleared by the program. This bit can also be cleared when the counter overflows in MODE 0 operation or by bus init.

**3.3.2 Buffer/Preset Register (BPR) Word Addressable Only**

The BPR is a 16 bit, word addressable only, read/write register. This register is used in two different ways depending on the mode of operation selected. In MODE 0 and 1 operation, this register is loaded with the 2's complement of the number, of the number of clock counts desired before counter overflow. In MODE 2 and 3 operation this register provides indirect reading of the clock counter.

## CHAPTER 4

### OPERATION AND PROGRAMMING

#### 4.1 Base Address Selection

The Base Address of the DT2769 which is the I/O address assigned to the Control-Status Register (CSR) is user selectable by means of DIP switches SW1 and SW2 located near the bus interface logic as shown on Figure 5.0. The Buffer/Preset Register address is then always two locations greater than the CSR (Base) address. The DIP switches allow the user to set the base address anywhere in the  $170000_8$  -  $177774_8$  address space in increments of  $4_8$ . The recommended base address for the DT2769 is  $170420_8$  and is the address set at the factory. Figure 4.1 shows how switches SW1 and SW2 must be set to generate this base address.

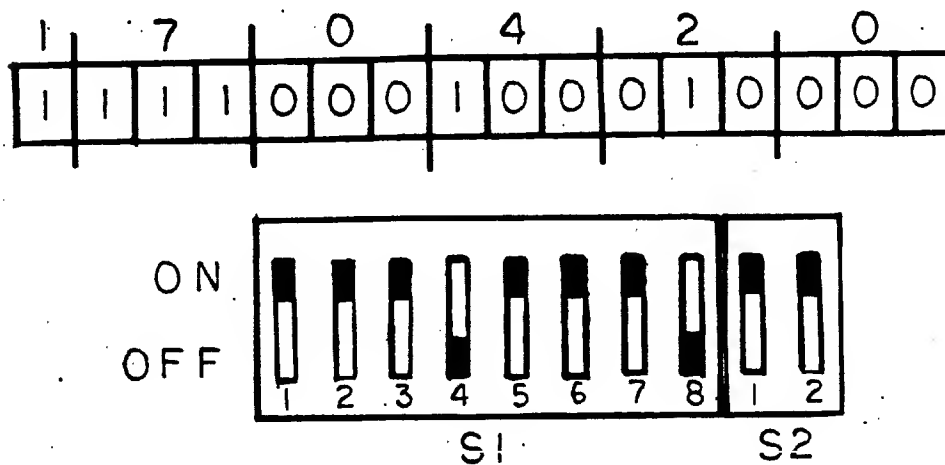


Figure 4.1

Switch Setting for Base Address of  $170420_8$

As shown in Figure 4.1 a switch in the "ON" position represents a "1" in the corresponding bit location and a switch in the "OFF" position represents a "0" in the corresponding bit location. Consequently switches 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7 on SW1 and switches 1 and 2 on SW2 are in the "OFF" position signifying zeroes while switches 4 and 8 on SW1 are in the "ON" position signifying ones.

CHAPTER 4  
(Continued)

4.2 Vector Address Selection

The DT2769 Real-Time Clock system is capable of generating two distinct interrupt vectors to the LSI-11 processor. These interrupts can occur when,

1. Schmitt Trigger #2 is Fired
2. Clock/Counter Overflows

Each of these two events can generate a unique interrupt to the processor with the internal priority being arranged such that the clock overflow interrupt has the higher priority of the two if both occur simultaneously and are both enabled. The interrupt vector address of the clock overflow interrupt can be assigned any address in the 000g - 770g vector address space in 10g increments. The interrupt vector of the ST2 interrupt is then always 48 locations higher than the clock overflow interrupt address. The recommended interrupt vector address for the DT2769 is 440g and is set to that value at the factory. Figure 4.2 shows how switch SW2 must be set to generate this address.

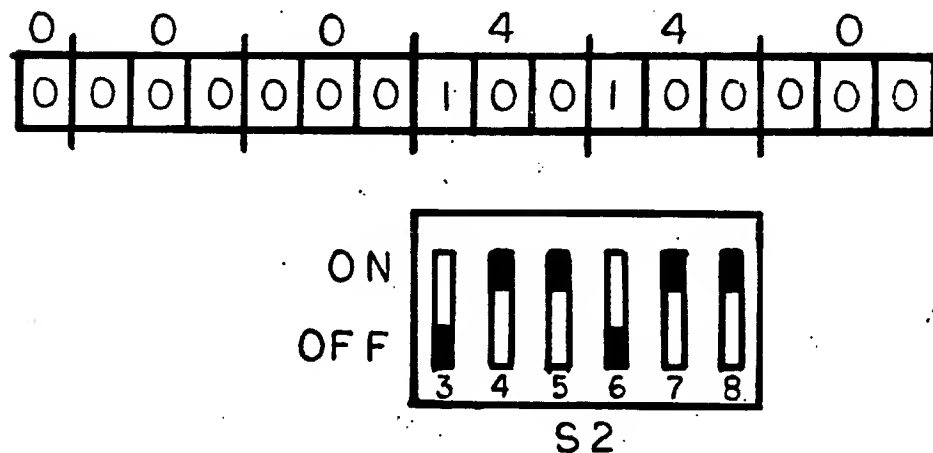


Figure 4.2  
Switch Setting For Vector Address of 440g

## CHAPTER 4

### (Continued)

#### Operation Modes

4.3 The DT2769 Real-Time Clock system can be programmed to run in four distinct modes making the Real-Time Clock useful for a variety of different applications such as interval generation, event counting, pulse generator, etc. The Clock Operating modes are:

- |                                         |          |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|
| 1) Single Interval                      | - Mode 0 |
| 2) Repeated Interval                    | - Mode 1 |
| 3) External Event Timing                | - Mode 2 |
| 4) External Event Timing from Zero Base | - Mode 3 |

In the following subsection the use of each of the four operating modes will be described in detail.

#### 4.3.1 Single Interval - (Mode 0)

This mode of operation is used to generate a fixed interval for such applications as known delays. In this mode of operation the user loads the BPR with the 2' complement of the required number of clock pulses to be counted that will generate the amount of time delay required at the user selected clock frequency. For example, loading the BPR with -100 at a clock frequency of 1KHz would generate a 100ms time delay. The user then sets the GO bit either directly or by a Schmitt Trigger 2 event with bit 13 of the CSR set. When the GO bit becomes asserted the clock/counter is loaded with the value held in the BPR and then clocked at the selected frequency until overflow occurs. When the clock overflows the overflow bit (bit 7) of the CSR is set which can generate an interrupt to the processor if enabled or be checked under program control; clock overflow also causes the GO bit to be reset thus turning the clock off.

#### 4.3.2 Repeated Interval (Mode 1)

This Mode of operation is similar to Mode 0 operation in that the BPR is loaded with the 2' complement of the desired clock counts required before overflow. The user then sets the GO bit and (either directly or via ST2) wait for the clock overflow. In this mode however the clock overflow will not clear the GO bit but instead reloads the counter from the BPR and continues counting without loss of any clock pulse. This process continues until the user clears the GO bit. In this way the user can generate a fixed frequency pulse train (overflow pulses) with any period within the range of the clock counter and the 5 crystal frequencies. For example loading the BPR with -1 and selecting 1MHz operation would generate a 1MHz pulse train. In general the overflow rate is equal to the oscillator rate divided by the absolute value of the present register.

#### 4.3.3 External Event Timing (Mode 2)

This mode of operation is used to determine the time between a sequence of external events. In this Mode the user sets the GO bit which causes the clock/counter to be cleared and then incremented at the selected rate until the GO bit is cleared by the user under program control. The clock counter thus started will continue to free run (count) until explicitly turned off. Now each firing of ST2 by an external event will cause the instantaneous value of the clock/counter to be

## CHAPTER 4

### (Continued)

latched in the BPR and the ST2 FLAG to be set. The ST2 FLAG can be used to inform the program of the external event through interrupt or programmed testing of the ST2 FLAG. The program can then read the BPR and record the time of each occurrence of the event. During this time the clock is still free running after each event and after overflow, interrupts on overflow may be enabled to alert the program of each overflow condition.

#### 4.3.4 External Event Timing From Zero Base (Mode 3)

This mode of operation is identical to Mode 2 operation except that the counter is reset to zero after the occurrence of each event.

#### 4.4 Typical Program Sequence

In this section typical programming sequences are outlined for operating the Real-Time Clock in each of the four modes of operation.

##### 4.4.1 Single Interval

- 1) User program loads BPR with 2's complement of desired clock count.
- 2) User program sets CSR for Mode 0 operation and selects appropriate rate.
- 3) User program sets the GO bit or sets ST2 GO ENA and waits for an external event to set the GO bit. When the GO bit gets set the counter is loaded and enabled.
- 4) Counter increments until overflow, then clears the GO bit and stops.
- 5) Clock overflow causes the Overflow Flag to be set which can issue an interrupt if INTOV (CSR bit 6) has been previously set, or waits for program intervention if interrupts had not been enabled.
- 6) The program responds to the interrupt or responds as a result of other events (i.e. testing the Overflow Flag or the A/D Done Flag if overflow was used to start and A/D conversion). The program reads the CSR, clears the Overflow Flag, and if no counting or mode changes are required, sets the GO bit or ST2 GO ENA bit to reenter the sequence at step 3.

##### 4.4.2 Repeated Interval

- 1) User program loads BPR with the 2's complement of the word count.
- 2) Program sets the CSR for Mode 1 operation at selected frequency.
- 3) User program sets the GO bit or sets the ST2 GO ENA bit and waits for an external event to set the GO bit. When the GO bit gets set the counter is loaded and enabled.
- 4) The clock/counter increments until an overflow occurs.
- 5) When clock overflows the clock/counter is reloaded from the BPR and reenabled to count. The Overflow Flag is set which will generate an interrupt to the processor if enabled.

CHAPTER 4  
(Continued)

- 6) If a second overflow occurs before first is serviced then the Flag Over Run (FOR) bit of the CSR is set alerting the processor of a loss of data.
- 7) Program responds to overflow by reading the CSR, clearing the Overflow Flag and if no changes are required sets the GO bit or the ST2 GO ENA bit to reenter the sequence of step 3.

4.4.3 External Event Timing (Mode 2)

- 1) Program selects Mode 2 operation the desired rate and sets the GO bit in the CSR.
- 2) The DT2769 or DT1709 responds by clearing the counter incrementing it at the selected rate until the GO bit is cleared.
- 3) Now ST2 pulses will latch the instantaneous reading of the clock/counter into the BPR and also set the ST2 FLAG which will generate an interrupt if enabled. Program can go and read current value of BPR to record time of event.
- 4) Clock continues to count even after overflow, however overflow will set Overflow Flag and generate an interrupt if enabled.
- 5) Process continue until program clears GO bit.

4.4.4 External Event Timing From Zero Base (Mode 3)

The operation here is identical to Mode 2 except that the clock/counter is cleared after every ST2 pulse.



4.5 USER INTERFACING

A 40-pin Berg connector (J1) has been provided for user inputs and outputs. In addition to this connector two extra tab connectors have been provided that bring out the clock overflow and ST1 outputs. These tabs are electrically in parallel with pins RR (CLK OVL) and UU (ST1 OUTL) of the 40-pin connector (J1) and are intended to facilitate connections by means of module jumpers to the clock overflow and external start inputs on the DT2762 analog input board. The pin outs on connector (J1) are given in figure 4.0a. This connector is exactly compatible with the DEC KVV11-A

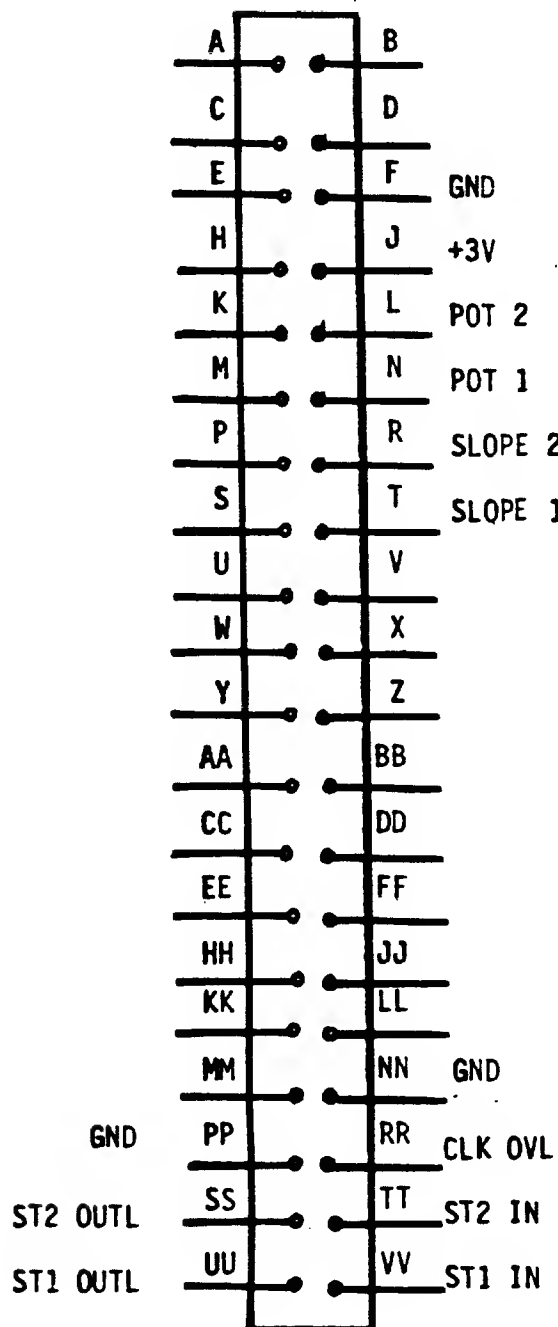
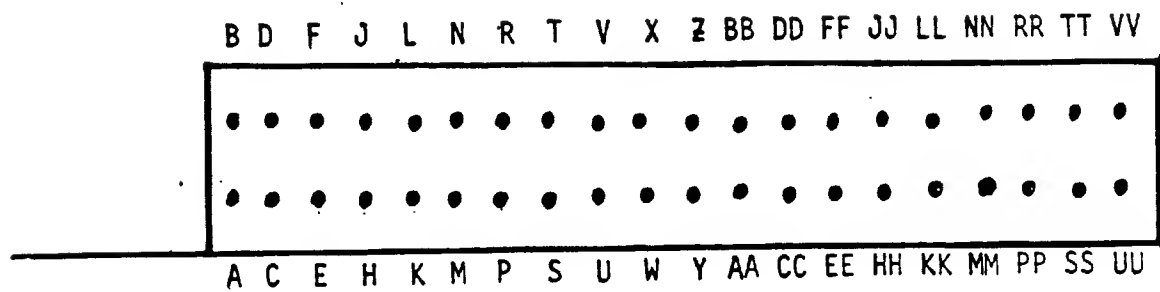


FIGURE 4.5a

The pin locations for connector J1 when looking into the connector are shown below:



## CHAPTER 5

### SCHMITT TRIGGER OPERATION

#### 5.1 Introduction

The DT2769 Real-Time Clock system has on board two user adjustable Schmitt Triggers. These Schmitt Triggers are used to condition input waveforms to a form that can be used by the DT2769. Both Schmitt Triggers can be adjusted to trigger at any level in the  $\pm 12$  volt range by means of the potentiometers labeled ST1 LVL ADJ and ST2 LVL ADJ as shown on Figure 5.0. The Schmitt Triggers can also be set to trigger at TTL thresholds and on either the positive or negative slope of the input signal. The details on how the Schmitt Trigger firing level and slopes are set is given in Section 5.3.

The two Schmitt Triggers are identical in operation but perform totally different functions. The two Schmitt Triggers are labeled ST1 and ST2 and will be referred to by these names in the remainder of this manual.

#### 5.2 Schmitt Trigger Usage

The two Schmitt Triggers provided on the DT2769 interface are operated and programmed in identical manners as described in the next section. The use of the two Schmitt Triggers are somewhat different as described below:

ST1    The output pulses of ST1 can be counted by the clock counter hence ST1 can be used to generate a time base for the clock counter if a periodic signal is attached to its input. ST1 can also be used to count events if ST1 is fired at each event and is selected as the clock input (Rate = 110). ST1 outputs also appear on the Faston tab labeled ST1 OUT as shown in Figure 5.0 and on pin uu of connector J1. This pulse may be used as a trigger to the DT2762 A/D system or any other user application.

ST2    The output pulses of ST2 are used to control clock operation in the following two ways:

1. Turns Clock On
2. Saves Counter Reading in BPR

Each of the two usages of ST2 are described below in detail.

1. Turning Clock On - When the ST2 GO ENABLE bit (CSR bit 13) is set, firing ST2 in any mode sets the GO bit and initiates counter action, causes the ST2 FLAG (CSR bit 15) to be asserted, and generates an interrupt if enable.
2. Saving Counter Reading - When the GO bit is set in Modes 2 and 3, firing ST2 causes the BPR to be loaded from the counter, the ST2 FLAG to be set, and an interrupt to be generated if enabled.

The ST2 pulse also appears on pin SS of connector J1 and may be used for other external applications.

Chapter 5  
(Continued)

### 5.3 Schmitt Trigger Slope/Level Adjustments

The technique and methods for setting the slope and level for both Schmitt Triggers is identical. Hence the discussion will encompass both Schmitt Triggers simultaneously.

Slope and level adjustments for the Schmitt Triggers are done by use of Switch SW3 and the two potentiometers labelled ST1 LVL ADJ and ST2 LVL ADJ. Each Schmitt Trigger has associated with it three switches on SW3 and a potentiometer. The usages of these switches and the potentiometer are outlined in Table 5.3. Figure 5.1 shows how the slope terminology is used while Figure 5.2 shows how the switch SW3 is wired.

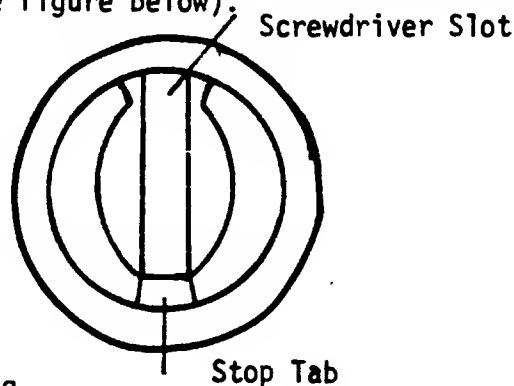
SW3 SWITCH NO.	USAGE
1	When this switch is on and switch 2 is off the firing level of ST1 is set by means of the ST1 LVL ADJ potentiometer anywhere in the $\pm 12$ volt range.
2	When this switch is on and switch 1 is off the firing level of ST1 is set to the TTL level and the potentiometer has no effect. Note: Both switches 1 and 2 should not be on together.
3	When this switch is on and switch 4 is off the firing level of ST2 is set by means of the ST2 LVL ADJ potentiometer anywhere in the $\pm 12$ volt range.
4	When this switch is on and switch 3 is off the firing level of ST2 is set to the TTL level and the potentiometer has no effect. Note: Switches 3 and 4 should not be on together.
5.	When this switch is in the OFF position ST1 will fire on the negative slope of the input signal (high to low transition for a square wave). In the ON position ST1 will fire on the positive slope of the input signal (low to high transition of a square wave.)
6.	When this switch is in the OFF position ST2 will fire on the negative slope of the input signal. In the ON position ST2 will fire on the positive slope of the input signal.
7-8	Not used.

Table 5.3

#### 5.4 External Control of Schmitt Trigger

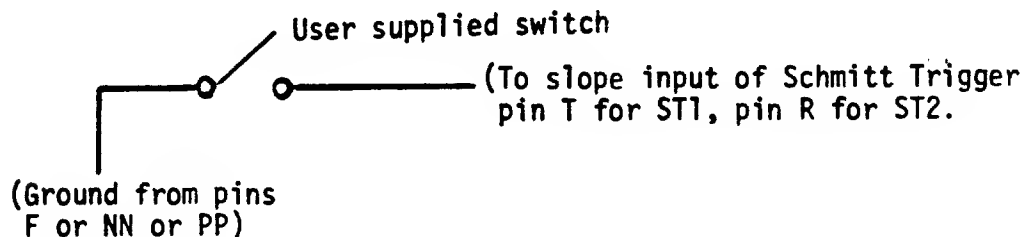
The 40 pin user connector J1 provides connections that allow the user to set the Schmitt trigger slope and firing levels from external user supplied circuitry. In order to use the external circuitry the following board configuration is required.

- I If slope is to be externally controlled then the slope switch on board must be set to the off position. If external slope control is not required then the user should set this switch to the desired slope setting.
- II If the triggering level is to be externally controlled then the variable slope switch for the Schmitt trigger must be selected. Note that the TTL firing level is not externally controllable. The user should also make sure that the onboard level potentiometers are close to the center of their ranges. This is accomplished by lining up the screwdriver slot of the potentiometer with the stop tab (see figure below).



#### External Slope Setting

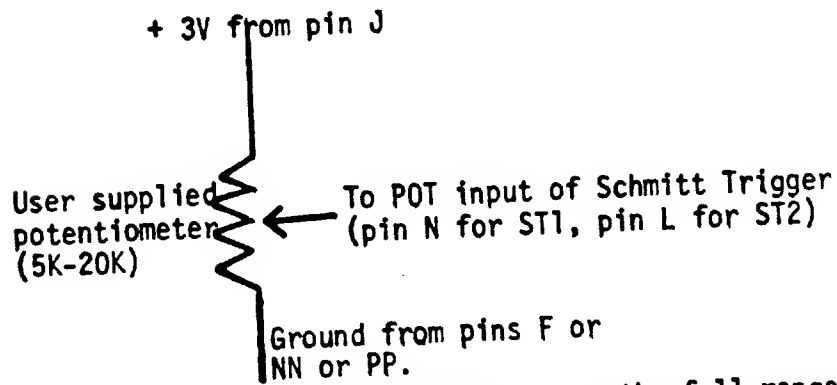
To control the slope of a Schmitt trigger the user requires a single switch which is connected as shown below:



#### External Level Control

External level control over the entire  $\pm 12$  volt range requires a user supplied potentiometer. The value of the potentiometer should not be less than 5K and should not be greater than 20K.

Any potentiometer in this range will be adequate. The number of turns of the potentiometer is not critical, however, a potentiometer with greater turns will allow for a finer level adjust. The connection of the external potentiometer is shown below:



Then varying the potentiometer over the full range will change the firing level over the full  $\pm 12$  volt range.

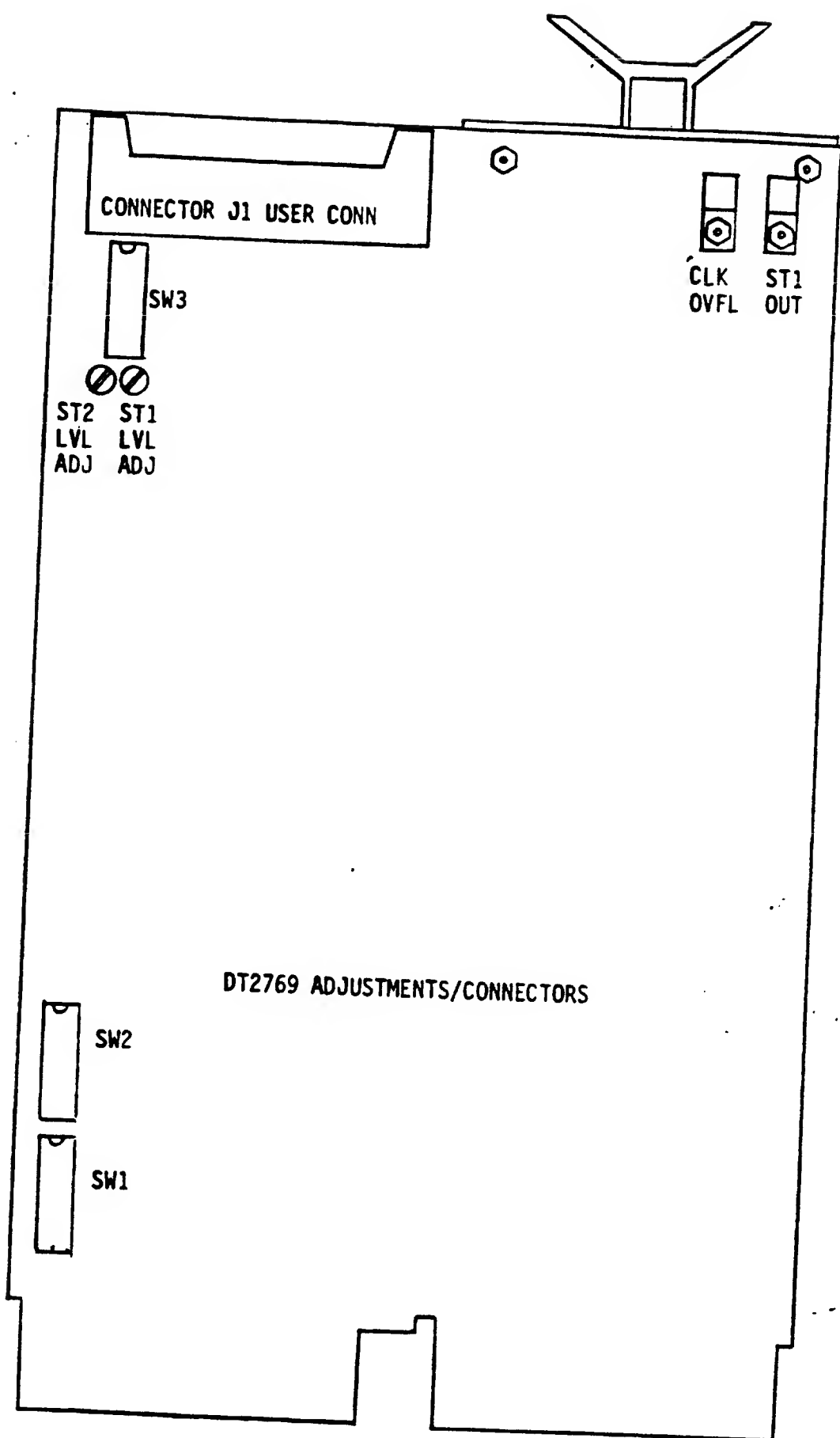
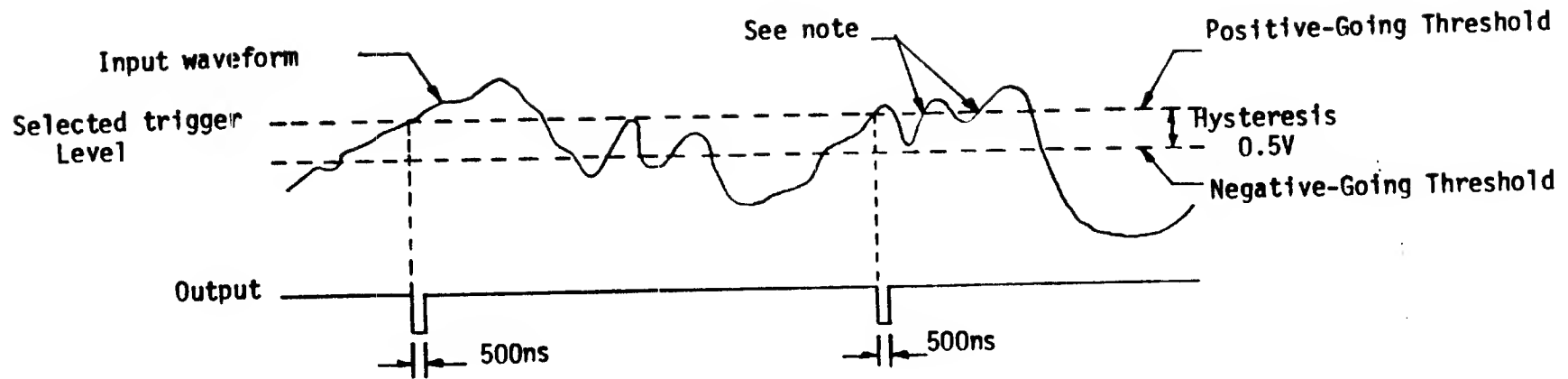


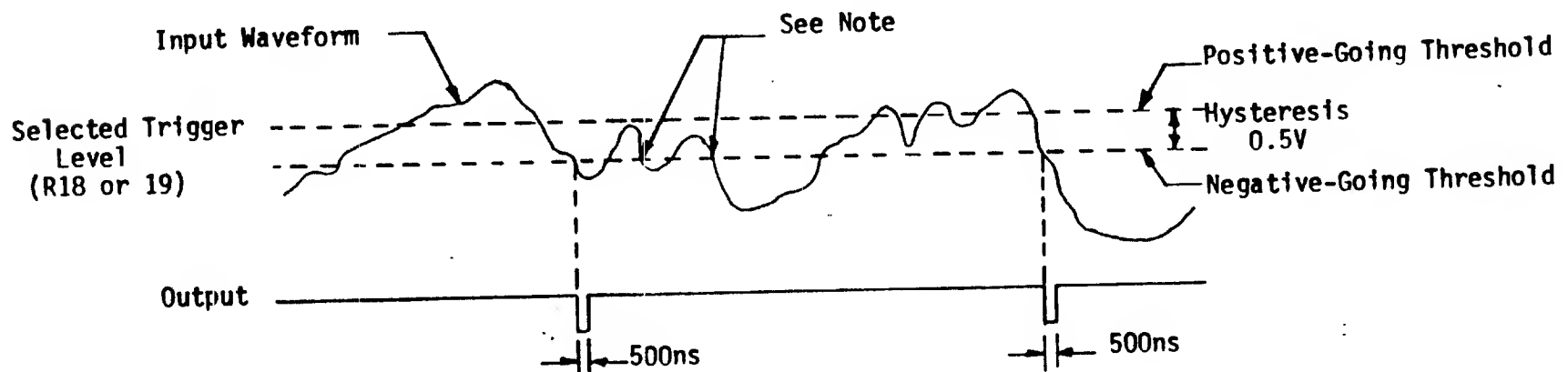
Figure 5.5



**NOTE:**

ST is retriggered only after input waveform has moved beyond opposite threshold and then again passed selected threshold.

(a) SLOPE SELECTION: SLOPE switch ON (Positive Slope)



**NOTE:**

ST is retriggered only after input waveform has moved beyond opposite threshold and then again passed selected threshold.

(b) SLOPE SELECTION: SLOPE switch OFF (Negative Slope)



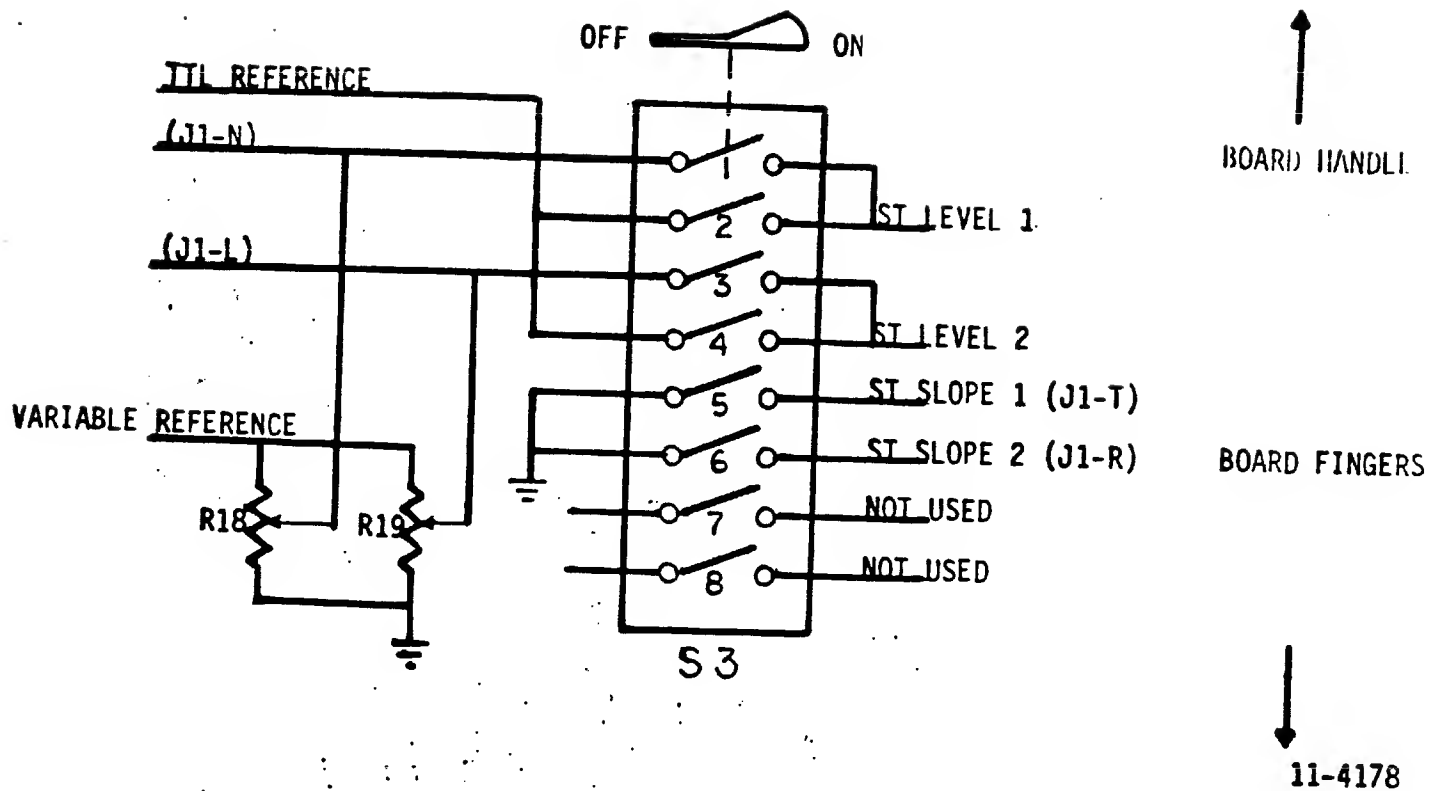


Figure 5.7

SLOPE/REFERENCE LEVEL SELECTOR SWITCHES AND CONTROLS

(NOTE SWITCHES 1 and 2 OR SWITCHES 3 and 4 SHOULD NOT BE ON TOGETHER)

CHAPTER 6TESTING

## 6.1

Equipment and System Requirements

In order to assist the user in testing the operation of the DT2769 Real-Time Clock, Data Translation has developed a comprehensive software diagnostic aid designated SP0023. This software is provided in either of the two media: Paper Tape for minimum, paper tape based LSI-11 Systems, or Floppy Disks for more sophisticated RT-11 Systems. The system and test equipment requirements for this software are given below:

SP0023 System RequirementsPaper Tape:

KD11-F (LSI-11) processor, ECO #10 or greater

or

KD11-HA (LSI-11/2) processor

Minimum of 4K words RAM

Serial Interface at Standard DEC console address

Paper tape reader

Data Translation DT2769 Real-Time Clock

Floppy Disk:

KD11-F (LSI-11) processor, ECO #10 or greater

or

KD11-HA (LSI-11/2) processor

Minimum of 8K words RAM

System console terminal at standard DEC console address

DEC compatible dual floppy disc drive system

RT-11 operating system (Version 2 or Version 3)

Data Translation DT2769 Real-Time Clock board.

Test Equipment Requirements

10MHz or greater bandwidth oscilloscope.

## 6.2.1

Loading SP0023 From Paper Tape

SP0023 is supplied in PDP-11 absolute loader format. To load this release into memory the following steps must be taken:

1. Load the LSI-11 absolute loader (see DEC documentation for information on this).
2. Place the paper tape in the paper tape reader.
3. Start the absolute loader at location XXX500 where XXX is determined by the following table:

<u>SYSTEM MEMORY SIZE</u>	<u>XXX</u>
4K	017
8K	037
12K	057

CHAPTER 6  
(Continued)

<u>SYSTEM MEMORY SIZE</u>	<u>XXX</u>
16K	077
20K	117
24K	137
28K or greater	157

Following this procedure will cause SP0023 to be loaded into memory and executed.

### 6.2.2 Loading Floppy Disk

The SP0023 diskette contains an RT-11 memory image file called SP0024.SAV. This is a linked and executable version of SP0023. To load and execute SP0023 the user should boot up RT-11 in the usual way with the system disk in drive 0. When RT-11 comes up the user should insert the SP0023 disk into drive 1 and type the following command string to the RT-11 monitor;

.RUN DX1:SP0023 (Return)

This will cause SP0023 to be loaded and executed, at this time the SP0023 monitor will have control of the system and RT-11 will be flushed.

### 6.3 Using SP0023

SP0023 is a stand-alone software diagnostic package that allows the user to test Data Translation's dual-height series of LSI-11 interface cards. SP0023 does not need RT-11 once it has been loaded and in fact it flushes RT-11 from the system after it has loaded. To allow the user to control the testing procedure a monitor has been included in SP0023 that interfaces to the user. When SP0023 is brought up this monitor is automatically entered. On start up the resident monitor prints out the directory of the various Data Translation interface boards that can be test by SP0023 followed by the monitor prompt character ">" (a right angle-bracket). At this point the user should set the desired model number to be tested using the MODEL command, for example

>M (Space) DT2769 (Return)

would set up SP0023 to test the DT2769 Real-Time Clock. The monitor would then invoke all the necessary initialization routines to test this board and confirm the board model by printing out a confirmation message followed by the default base and vector addresses that will be used. These base and vector addresses have been preset at the factory and need not be changed. If for some reason however a change in the base or vector address is required the user can modify locations 542(base address) and 544(vector address) to the new address. In order to easily facilitate this change the SP0023 monitor also has some subset capabilities of ODT. In particular the user can use the slash and back-slash characters to open and modify memory locations just as in ODT. Therefore if the user needs to change any location he should type the address followed by a slash (/) or back-slash (\), the

CHAPTER 6(Continued)

monitor will then open that location just as in ODT. The user can roll up or down sequentially in memory by using the line feed or carat (^) keys. The SP0023 monitor is reentered from the ODT mode by typing a carriage return. Like ODT a memory location will only be modified if a valid octal number is typed before any of the ODT terminator characters. For example to change the base and vector address of the DT2769 tests one would type:

```
>542/170420 170430 (line-feed)
>000544/000440 400 (return)
```

to change the base address to 170430 and vector address to 400. Note that this change is only temporary and the default addresses will be reloaded if the model number is retyped or if SP0023 is reloaded. In addition to these commands the SP0023 test executive allows the user to ask for the model directory, to start tests, to loop or halt on tests or even to reboot RT-11. The commands available to the user under the SP0023 test executive are listed on the following page.

Example: User wants to run a scope loop on Test 2 because an error is encountered. Type:

```
>ALT (Space) 2
```

In this case the program will loop on Test 2 and inhibit error printouts.

If a test is run and no errors occur the test will return to the SP0023 command level without any other messages. If however, an error does occur then the test will print out the test number and error code. The user may look up the meaning of each error code in the programming listings given in Appendix A.

#### 6.4 Test Descriptions

All descriptions of the tests and the set up requirements needed for any particular test are described in detail in the program listings at the beginning of each test.

#### 6.5 SP0023 Program Description

SP0023 consists of two groups of tests. The first group contains 24g tests which test all the logic of the interface board. These tests contain scope loops for debug purposes and will provide an error message if a problem exists. The second set of tests, test the operation of the Schmitt Triggers and require some special interconnections before each test is run, consult the test descriptions preceding each of these tests to determine the required external set up.

A listing of all the tests for testing DT2769 can be found at the beginning of the program listings.

Note, that the user can run all the logic test (1-24) by using the monitor ALL command. Tests 25-28 however must be run individually.

<u>COMMAND</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>
ALL	Runs all logic tests that are present for the current device. Generates an error if there is no current device.
BOOT	Jumps to the standard hardware bootstrap (173000). Generates an error if there is no bootstrap present.
DIRECTORY	Displays the contents of the current directory. Generates an error if there is no current directory.
EXIT	Halts the processor
MODEL (space)	Displays the parameters associated with the current device. Generates an error if there is no current device.
MODEL (space) DTXXXX	Searches the current directory for the given model number. If found, makes that model the current device. Generates an error if there is no current directory or if the model number can not be found.
TEST (space)	Runs the last test executed
TEST (space) <number>	Runs the indicated test

Test Command prefixes - The following command prefixes are to be used with the TEST command to control the execution of the various tests.

COMMAND PREFIXES TO TEST EXECUTION COMMANDS

R	(TEST command only)	repeat this test continuously
L		loop on this test if an error is detected
H		halt test stream if an error is detected
I		inhibit error printout

A control C will terminate any test.

CHAPTER 6  
(Continued)

## 6.6

Requirements to Run Diagnostics

Please note that when SP0023 is executing the Line Time Clock LTC must be turned on (if available) in order that Test #11 execute properly. If a LTC is not present or is turned off Test #11 will report an error that the clock failed to count at the LTC rate (error code 17 mode = 71).

The user should also avoid using DT2769 on an extender card because in certain backplane configurations the Bus Logic Chips do not function properly (due to additional capacitive and inductive effects) and the board will not operate properly.

Note: When running the diagnostics (SP0023), the user must make sure that all the Schmitt Trigger control switches (near connector) are in the "OFF" or open position. If the diagnostic is run with any or all switches in the closed or "ON" position the timing of the board will change due to events occurring at different edges which in turn will cause the diagnostics to falsely report a variety of errors. After having checked out the board with the diagnostics, the user can then set the Schmitt Trigger control switches as required and program the operation as required.

APPENDIX A

SP0023 SOFTWARE LISTINGS

APPENDIX B  
DT2769 CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS



1-	8	GENERAL INFORMATION
2-	1	TEST PARAMETER BLOCK (TPB)
3-	1	CSR BIT DEFINITIONS
4-	1	INITIALIZATION
4-	11	DISPLAY PARAMETERS
4-	31	MODEL TESTING INFORMATION
5-	1	ERROR REPORTERS
7-	1	SWITCH PACK S3 CONFIGURATION
7-	9	TEST 1: BRPLY FROM ALL REGISTERS
8-	1	TEST 2: CHECK CSR R/W BITS
9-	1	TEST 3: BYTE OPERATION OF CSR
10-	1	TEST 4: BUFFER PRESET REGISTER BITS
11-	1	TEST 5: BINITL ACTION
12-	1	TEST 6: CLOCK COUNT REGISTER
13-	1	TEST 7: CLOCK STATE TRANSITIONS
14-	1	TEST 10: OVERFLOW BIT
16-	1	TEST 11: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 0
17-	1	TEST 12: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 0
18-	1	TEST 13: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 1
19-	1	TEST 14: MAINTENANCE ST2
20-	1	TEST 15: INTERRUPT ON OVERFLOW
21-	1	TEST 16: INTERRUPT ON ST2
22-	1	TEST 17: FLAG OVERRUN BIT
24-	1	TEST 20: OSCILLATOR
26-	1	TEST 21: FREQUENCY DIVIDERS
28-	1	TEST 22: MODE 2 OPERATION
29-	1	TEST 23: MODE 3 OPERATION
30-	1	TEST 24: END OF LOGIC TESTS
30-	11	TEST 25: ST2, ST1 OUTPUTS
30-	25	TEST 26: OVERFLOW OUTPUT
31-	1	TEST 27: ST2 OUT TO ST1 IN
32-	1	TEST 30: ST1 OUT TO ST2 IN

```
1          .LIST      TTM
2          .ENABL     LC
3          .TITLE     DT2769 TST-11 MODULE
4          .IDENT      /V02.00/
5 000000      .PSECT   DT2769
6          .NLIST     BIN
7
8          .SBTTL     GENERAL INFORMATION
9
10         ;
11         ; COPYRIGHT (C) 1979, DATA TRANSLATION INCORPORATED. ALL
12         ; RIGHTS RESERVED. NO PART OF THIS PROGRAM OR PUBLICATION
13         ; MAY BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION
14         ; OF DATA TRANSLATION INCORPORATED, 4 STRATHMORE ROAD,
15         ; NATICK, MASS. 01760.
16         ;
17         ;
18         ; THE INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE
19         ; WITHOUT NOTICE AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A
20         ; COMMITMENT BY DATA TRANSLATION INCORPORATED.
21         ;
22         ;
23         ; DATA TRANSLATION CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR
24         ; THE USE OF ANY PORTION OF THIS SOFTWARE FOR OTHER THAN
25         ; ITS INTENDED DIAGNOSTIC PURPOSE IN CALIBRATING AND
26         ; TESTING DATA TRANSLATION MANUFACTURED ANALOG AND
27         ; DIGITAL INTERFACE BOARDS.
28         ;
29         ;
30         ; VERSION 02-00
31         ;
32         ; JAWED WAHID 6-SEP-78
33         ; EDWIN KROEKER 9-JAN-79
34         ;
35         ;
36         ; THIS PROGRAM MODULE CONTAINS ROUTINES TO TEST AND
37         ; CALIBRATE DTI MODEL DT2769 REAL TIME CLOCK SUBSYSTEMS
38         ; FOR THE LSI-11. THIS MODULE IS DESIGNED TO OPERATE
39         ; UNDER TST-11 SUPERVISION.
40         ;
41         .LIST      BIN
```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST PARAMETER BLOCK (TPB)
2          ;
3          ; TEST-11 DECLARATION
4          ;
5          .MCALL  TST11
6 000000    TST11
7          ;
8          ;
9          ;
10         ;
11         ; TEST PARAMETER BLOCK
12         ;
13         .NLIST  BIN
14         ;
15 000000    TPB:  .WORD  PARAM          ; ADDRESS OF PARAMETER
16           ;
17 000002    .BYTE  377                ; PRINT-OUT ROUTINE
18 000003    .BYTE  30                  ; RESERVED
19           ;
20         ; TEST ADDRESS TABLE FOR USE BY TST-11
21         ;
22 000004    .WORD  TEST1, PR7
23 000010    .WORD  TEST2, PR7
24 000014    .WORD  TEST3, PR7
25 000020    .WORD  TEST4, PR7
26 000024    .WORD  TEST5, PR7
27 000030    .WORD  TEST6, PR7
28 000034    .WORD  TEST7, PR7
29 000040    .WORD  TEST10, PR7
30 000044    .WORD  TEST11, PR7
31 000050    .WORD  TEST12, PR7
32 000054    .WORD  TEST13, PR7
33 000060    .WORD  TEST14, PR7
34 000064    .WORD  TEST15, PR7
35 000070    .WORD  TEST16, PR7
36 000074    .WORD  TEST17, PR7
37 000100    .WORD  TEST20, PR7
38 000104    .WORD  TEST21, PR7
39 000110    .WORD  TEST22, PR7
40 000114    .WORD  TEST23, PR7
41 000120    .WORD  TEST24, PR7
42 000124    .WORD  TEST25, 0
43 000130    .WORD  TEST26, PR7
44 000134    .WORD  TEST27, PR7
45 000140    .WORD  TEST30, PR7
46         ;
47         .LIST  BIN

```

.SBTTL CSR BIT DEFINITIONS

1				
2				
3				
4	100000	ST2F	=BIT15	; ST2 FLAG BIT
5				
6	040000	INT2	=BIT14	; ST2 INTERRUPT ENABLE BIT
7				
8	020000	ST2G	=BIT13	; ST2 GO ENABLE BIT
9				
10	010000	FOR	=BIT12	; FLAG OVERRUN BIT.
11				
12	004000	DIO	=BIT11	; DISABLE OSCILLATOR BIT
13				
14	002000	MOSC	=BIT10	; MAINTENANCE OSCILLATOR BIT
15				
16	001000	MST2	=BIT9	; MAINTENANCE ST2 BIT
17				
18	000400	MST1	=BIT8	; MAINTENANCE ST1 BIT
19				
20	000200	OVFLO	=BIT7	; OVERFLOW BIT
21				
22	000100	INTOV	=BIT6	; OVERFLOW INTERRUPT ENABLE BIT
23				
24	000001	GO	=BIT0	; GO BIT
25				
26	000000	RATE0	=0	
27	000010	RATE1	=BIT3	
28	000020	RATE2	=BIT4	
29	000030	RATE3	=BIT3+BIT4	
30	000040	RATE4	=BIT5	
31	000050	RATE5	=BIT3+BIT5	
32	000060	RATE6	=BIT4+BIT5	
33	000070	RATE7	=BIT3+BIT4+BIT5	
34				
35	000000	MODE0	=0	
36	000002	MODE1	=BIT1	
37	000004	MODE2	=BIT2	
38	000006	MODE3	=BIT1+BIT2	

```

1          .SBTTL  INITIALIZATION
2          ;
3 000144 005037 INIT: CLR    0#SWR          ; CLEAR SWITCH REGISTER
          000540
4 000150 012737 MOV     #170420,0#BASE    ; SET UP BASE ADDRESS
          170420
          000542
5 000156 012737 MOV     #440,0#VECTOR    ; SET UP VECTOR
          000440
          000544
6 000164 000207 RETURN                    ; ALL DONE
7          ;
8          ;
9          ;
10         ;
11         .SBTTL  DISPLAY PARAMETERS
12         ;
13         ; THIS ROUTINE DISPLAYS THE CURRENT SETTING
14         ; OF 'BASE' AND 'VECTOR' ON THE SYSTEM CONSOLE
15         ; TERMINAL.
16         ;
17 000166 PARAM: PRINT  < BASE ADDRESS = >
18 000212 013700 MOV     0#BASE,R0        ; GET BASE ADDRESS
          000542
19 000216 OCT16                      ; DISPLAY
20 000220 CRLF
21 000222 PRINT  <VECTOR ADDRESS = >
22 000246 013700 MOV     0#VECTOR,R0     ; GET VECTOR ADDRESS
          000544
23 000252 OCT16                      ; DISPLAY
24 000254 CRLF
25 000256 000207 RETURN                    ; ALL DONE
26         ;
27         ;
28         ;
29         ;
30         ;
31         .SBTTL  MODEL TESTING INFORMATION
32         ;
33         ; THIS CODE MODULE CONTAINS THE ROUTINES NECESSARY TO
34         ; TEST THE FOLLOWING DTI INTERFACE MODEL:
35         ;
36         ; DT2769 REAL TIME CLOCK
37         ;
38         000144' I2769 ==INIT
39         000000' T2769 ==TPB

```

.SBTTL ERROR REPORTERS

```

1
2
3
4      ; THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES ERROR REPORTING FOR BUS
5      ; TIME-OUT ERRORS (NO BRPLY FROM INTERFACE).
6
7 000260      NORPLY: PRINT    <NO BRPLY WHEN ACCESSING LOCATION >
8 000324 010100      MOV      R1,R0
9 000326      OCT16
10 000330      CRLF
11 000332 000207      RETURN
12
13
14      ; THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES ERROR REPORTING FOR REGISTER
15      ; BIT ERRORS (ONE OR MORE INCORRECT BITS IN A REGISTER).
16
17 000334      REG:  PRINTC    <REGISTER ERROR>
18 000356      PRINT    <ADDRESS: >
19 000372      PUSH     R0      ; SAVE R0
20 000374 010100      MOV     R1,R0      ; GET ADDRESS
21 000376      OCT16
22 000400      CRLF
23 000402      PRINT    <EXPECTED:>
24 000416 010200      MOV     R2,R0      ; GET EXPECTED VALUE
25 000420      OCT16
26 000422      CRLF
27 000424      PRINT    <FOUND:   >
28 000440 011600      MOV     <SP>,R0    ; GET BAD BITS
29 000442 074200      XOR     R2,R0      ; GENERATE SNAPSHOT
30 000444      OCT16
31 000446      CRLF
32 000450      PRINT    <BITS:    >
33 000464      POP      R0      ; GET ERROR BITS
34 000466      OCT16
35 000470      CRLF
36 000472 000207      RETURN
37

```

```

1          ; CLOCK FUNCTION ERROR REPORTER
2          ;
3          ; THIS REPORTER HANDLES SOME OF THE CLOCK FUNCTION
4          ; ERRORS (NOT COUNTING, DIVIDER ERRORS, ETC.).
5          ;
6 000474    CLOCK: PRINTC <CLOCK FUNCTION ERROR>
7 000524    PRINT <LAST CSR: >
8 000542    OCT16          ; DISPLAY R0
9 000544    TAB
10 000546    PRINT <RATE, MODE: >
11 000564    MOV R2, R0
12 000566    OCT8          ; DISPLAY R2
13 000570    CRLF
14 000572    PRINT <BPR: >
15 000602    MOV 2(R1), R0 ; DISPLAY CURRENT BPR
16          000002
17 000606    OCT16
18 000610    CRLF
18 000612    RETURN          ; ALL DONE
  
```

.SBTTL SWITCH PACK S3 CONFIGURATION

; SWITCH PACK S3 MUST HAVE ALL SWITCHES IN THE OFF OR  
; OPEN POSITION FOR THE FOLLOWING TESTS TO EXECUTE  
; PROPERLY. FAILURE TO SET S3 IN THIS STATE WILL  
; CAUSE EXTRANEIOUS ERRORS TO BE REPORTED.

.SBTTL TEST 1: BRPLY FROM ALL REGISTERS

; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE INTERFACE SYSTEM RESPONDS  
; WITH A BUS REPLY SIGNAL DURING A BUS DATIO BUS CYCLE.  
; ALL REGISTERS AVAILABLE ON THE BOARD ARE CHECKED.

```

16 000614 010602 TEST1: MOV      SP,R2          ; SAVE SP
17 000616          RELMOV   #3$,R0          ; SET UP TRAP TO 4
18 000624 010037      MOV      R0,@#4
19 000630 013701 2$:      MOV      @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
20 000634          SCOPE                     ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
21 000636 005011      CLR      (R1)          ; DATIO BUS CYCLE
22 000640 062701      ADD      #2,R1          ; NEXT REGISTER
23 000644          SCOPE                     ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
24 000646 005011      CLR      (R1)          ; DATIO BUS CYCLE
25 000650          EXIT
26
27 ; *****
28 ;
29 ;      ERROR CODE 1 - BUS TIMEOUT
30 ;
31 ; *****
32 ;
33 000652 011603 3$:      MOV      (SP),R3      ; GET OFFENDING PC
34 000654 010206      MOV      R2,SP          ; RESTORE STACK
35 000656          ERROR   1,NORPLY          ; REPORT ERROR
36 000662 000113      JMP      (R3)          ; CONTINUE TEST

```



```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 2:  CHECK CSR R/W BITS
2
3          ; THIS TEST CHECKS THE READ/WRITE BITS IN THE CSR
4          ; BITS ARE CHECKED FOR BOTH SET AND RESET CAPABILITY.
5
6 000664 013701 TEST2:  MOV      @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
              000542
7 000670
8 000676 012705      RELMOV   #CSRBIT,R4      ; GET BIT TABLE ADDRESS
              000012      MOV      #12,R5      ; NUMBER OF BITS
9 000702 012402 1$:    MOV      (R4)+,R2      ; GET BIT
10 000704 010203      MOV      R2,R3      ; GENERATE MASK
11 000706 005103      COM      R3
12 000710      SCOPE
13 000712 010211      MOV      R2,(R1)      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
14 000714 011100      MOV      (R1),R0      ; SET BIT
15 000716 040300      BIC      R3,R0      ; GET BIT
16 000720 001002      BNE      2$      ; TEST BIT
17          ;                               ; SET - SKIP ERROR
18          ; *****
19          ;
20          ; ERROR CODE 2 - BIT SET ERROR, CSR
21          ;
22          ; *****
23          ;
24 000722      ERROR      2,REG      ; REPORT ERROR
25          ;
26 000726 005002 2$:   CLR      R2      ; INIT. TEST REGISTER
27 000730      SCOPE      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
28 000732 010211      MOV      R2,(R1)      ; CLEAR BIT
29 000734 011100      MOV      (R1),R0      ; GET BIT
30 000736 040300      BIC      R3,R0      ; TEST BIT
31 000740 001402      BEQ      3$      ; CLEAR - SKIP ERROR
32          ;
33          ; *****
34          ;
35          ; ERROR CODE 3 - BIT CLEAR ERROR, CSR
36          ;
37          ; *****
38          ;
39 000742      ERROR      3,REG      ; REPORT ERROR
40          ;
41 000746 077523 3$:   SOB      R5,1$      ; LOOP UNTIL DONE
42 000750      EXIT      ; ALL DONE
43          ;
44          ;
45          .NLIST  BIN
46 000752 CSRBIT:  .WORD  GO,BIT1,BIT2,BIT3,BIT4,BIT5
47 000766          .WORD  INTOV,DIO,ST2G,INT2
48          .LIST  BIN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 3:  BYTE OPERATION OF CSR
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES HIGH AND LOW BYTE OPERATIONS
4          ; INVOLVING THE CSR.
5          ;
6          ;
7 000776 013701 TEST3:  MOV      @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
                000542
8 001002 005011      CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
9 001004 005002      CLR      R2                ; INIT. TEST REGISTER
10 001006          SCOPE                      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
11 001010 112711      MOV      #-1,(R1)         ; SET R/W BITS
                177777
12 001014 011100      MOV      (R1),R0          ; GET CSR AS WORD
13 001016 042700      BIC      #<ST2F+377>,R0   ; IGNORE LOW BYTE
                100377
14 001022 074200      XOR      R2,R0            ; TEST BITS
15 001024 001402      BEQ      1$                ; OK - SKIP ERROR
16          ;
17          ; *****
18          ;
19          ; ERROR CODE 4 - HIGH BYTE LOADED DURING
20          ; A LOW BYTE OPERATION
21          ;
22          ; *****
23          ;
24 001026          ERROR      4,REG              ; REPORT ERROR
25          ;
26 001032 005011 1$:  CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
27 001034 005002      CLR      R2                ; INIT. TEST REGISTER
28 001036 005201      INC      R1                ; POINT TO HIGH BYTE
29 001040          SCOPE                      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
30 001042 112711      MOV      #-1,(R1)         ; SET R/W BITS
                177777
31 001046 016100      MOV      -1(R1),R0         ; GET CSR AS WORD
                177777
32 001052 042700      BIC      #<177400+OVFLO+GO>,R0
                177601
33 001056 074200      XOR      R2,R0            ; TEST BITS
34 001060 001402      BEQ      2$                ; OK - SKIP ERROR
35          ;
36          ; *****
37          ;
38          ; ERROR CODE 5 - LOW BYTE LOADED DURING
39          ; A HIGH BYTE OPERATION
40          ;
41          ; *****
42          ;
43 001062          ERROR      5,REG              ; REPORT ERROR
44          ;
45 001066 2$:  EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL TEST 4: BUFFER PRESET REGISTER BITS
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THE OPERATION OF THE BUFFER PRESET
4          ; REGISTER UNDER ALL ALLOWABLE BIT COMBINATIONS
5
6 001070 013701 TEST4: MOV     0#BASE, R1      ; GET ADDRESS
              000542
7 001074 005011          CLR     (R1)          ; SET MODE 0
8 001076 062701          ADD     #2, R1        ; BUMP POINTER
              000002
9 001102 005002          CLR     R2            ; INIT. TEST REGISTER
10 001104 005003         CLR     R3            ; ITERATION COUNT
11 001106          SCOPE                     ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
12 001110 010211 1$:    MOV     R2, (R1)       ; SET BITS
13 001112 011100         MOV     (R1), R0      ; GET BITS
14 001114 074200         XOR     R2, R0        ; TEST BITS
15 001116 001402         BEQ     2$            ; OKAY - NEXT STATE
16
17          ; *****
18          ;
19          ; ERROR CODE 6 - BIT ERROR, BPR
20          ;
21          ; *****
22          ;
23 001120          ERROR    6, REG              ; REPORT ERROR
24
25 001124 005202 2$:    INC     R2              ; NEXT STATE
26 001126 077310         SOB     R3, 1$        ; LOOP UNTIL DONE
27 001130          EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 5:  BINITL ACTION
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE BINITL SIGNAL CLEARS
4          ; THE PROPER CSR AND BPR BITS.
5          ;
6          ;
7 001132 013701 TEST5:  MOV      @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
8 001136 005002          CLR      R2            ; INIT TEST REGISTER
9 001140          SCOPE          ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
10 001142 012711 MOV      #-1,(R1)           ; SET BITS
          177777
11 001146 000005          RESET          ; CLEAR BITS
12 001150 011100 MOV      (R1),R0           ; GET BITS
13 001152 001402 BEQ      1$                ; OKAY - ALL ZERO
14          ;
15          ; *****
16          ;
17          ; ERROR CODE 7 - BINITL DOES NOT CLEAR
18          ; CSR BITS
19          ;
20          ; *****
21          ;
22 001154          ERROR      7,REG          ; REPORT ERROR
23          ;
24 001160 062701 1$:      ADD      #2,R1      ; BUMP POINTER
          000002
25 001164          SCOPE          ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
26 001166 012711 MOV      #-1,(R1)           ; SET BITS
          177777
27 001172 000005          RESET          ; CLEAR BITS
28 001174 011100 MOV      (R1),R0           ; GET BITS
29 001176 001402 BEQ      2$                ; OKAY - ALL ZERO
30          ;
31          ; *****
32          ;
33          ; ERROR CODE 10 - BINITL DOES NOT CLEAR
34          ; BPR BITS
35          ;
36          ; *****
37          ;
38 001200          ERROR      10,REG         ; REPORT ERROR
39          ;
40 001204 2$:      EXIT                    ; ALL DONE

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 6:  CLOCK COUNT REGISTER
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE BUFFER PRESET REGISTER
4          ; CAN BE PROPERLY TRANSFERRED TO THE CLOCK COUNT
5          ; REGISTER.
6          ;
7 001206 013701 TEST6:  MOV      0#BASE, R1          ; GET ADDRESS
                000542
8 001212 010103          MOV      R1, R3              ; GENERATE BPR ADDRESS
9 001214 062703          ADD      #2, R3
                000002
10 001220 005004          CLR      R4                  ; ITERATION COUNT
11 001222 005002          CLR      R2                  ; INIT TEST REGISTER
12 001224          SCOPE                                ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
13 001226 005011 1$:      CLR      (R1)                ; SET MODE 0
14 001230 010213          MOV      R2, (R3)            ; LOAD BPR
15 001232 052711          BIS      #GO, (R1)           ; TRANSFER TO CCR
                000001
16 001236 052711          BIS      #<DIO+RATE0+MODE2+GO>, (R1)
                004005
17 001242 052711          BIS      #MST2, (R1)
                001000
18 001246 011300          MOV      (R3), R0            ; GET CLOCK COUNT
19 001250 074200          XOR      R2, R0              ; CHECK
20 001252 001402          BEQ      2$,                  ; OKAY- SKIP ERROR
21          ;
22          ; *****
23          ;
24          ; ERROR CODE 11 - BIT ERROR, CLOCK COUNT
25          ;
26          ; *****
27          ;
28 001254          ERROR      11, REG                    ; REPORT ERROR
29          ;
30 001260 005202 2$:      INC      R2                  ; NEXT STATE
31 001262 077417          SOB      R4, 1$              ; LOOP BACK
32 001264          EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 7:  CLOCK STATE TRANSITIONS
2
3          ; THIS TEST, USING MAINT ST1, VERIFIES THAT THE CLOCK
4          ; CAN BE INCREMENTED PROPERLY.
5
6 001266 013701 TEST7:  MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET BASE ADDRESS
              000542
7 001272 012702          MOV     #1,R2        ; INIT TEST REGISTERS
              000001
8 001276 005003          CLR     R3
9 001300          SCOPE
10 001302 005011 1$:    CLR     (R1)          ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
11 001304 010361          MOV     R3,2(R1)     ; CLEAR CSR
              000002
12 001310 012711          MOV     #<RATE6+MODE0+G0>,(R1) ; LOAD BPR
              000061
13 001314 052711          BIS     #MST1,(R1)    ; GENERATE ST1
              000400
14 001320 052711          BIS     #<DIO+RATE0+MODE2+G0>,(R1)
              004005
15 001324 052711          BIS     #MST2,(R1)    ; CLOCK TO BPR
              001000
16 001330 016100          MOV     2(R1),R0     ; GOT IT
              000002
17 001334 074200          XOR     R2,R0        ; CHECK IT
18 001336 001402          BEQ     2$          ; OKAY - NEXT STATE
19
20          ; *****
21          ;
22          ; ERROR CODE 12 - CLOCK STATE TRANSITION ERROR
23          ;
24          ; *****
25          ;
26 001340          ERROR    12,REG             ; REPORT ERROR
27
28 001344 005202 2$:    INC     R2              ; NEXT STATE
29 001346 005203          INC     R3
30 001350 001354          BNE     1$            ; IF ZERO THEN DONE
31 001352          EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 10: OVERFLOW BIT
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE OVERFLOW BIT FUNCTIONS
4          ; PROPERLY IN MODES 0 AND 1.
5
6 001354 013701 TEST10: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 001360          SCOPE
8 001362 005011  CLR     (R1)      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
9 001364 012761  MOV     #-1,2(R1)  ; CLEAR CSR
          177777
          000002
10 001372 012711  MOV     #<RATE6+MODE0+GO>,(R1)
          000061
11 001376 052711  BIS     #MST1,(R1)      ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
12 001402 105711  TSTB    (R1)      ; OVERFLOW SET?
13 001404 100401  BMI     1$         ; YES - SKIP ERROR
14
15          ; *****
16
17          ; ERROR CODE 13 - OVERFLOW FLAG NOT SET
18
19          ; *****
20
21 001406          ERROR    13          ; REPORT ERROR
22
23 001410 032711 1$: BIT     #GO,(R1)      ; GO BIT CLEARED?
          000001
24 001414 001401  BEQ     2$         ; YES - SKIP ERROR
25
26          ; *****
27
28          ; ERROR CODE 14 - GO BIT NOT CLEARED BY
29          ; OVERFLOW IN MODE 0
30
31          ; *****
32
33 001416          ERROR    14          ; REPORT ERROR

```

```

1 001420          2$:      SCOPE                ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
2 001422 005011      CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
3 001424 012761      MOV      #-1,2(R1)         ; LOAD BPR
          177777
          000002
4 001432 012711      MOV      #<RATE6+MODE1+GO>, (R1)
          000063
5 001436 052711      BIS      #MST1, (R1)        ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
6 001442 105711      TSTB     (R1)              ; OVERFLOW FLAG SET?
7 001444 100401      BMI      3$                ; YES - SKIP ERROR
8
9                ; *****
10               ;
11               ;      ERROR CODE 15 - OVERFLOW FLAG NOT SET
12               ;
13               ; *****
14               ;
15 001446          ERROR      15                ; REPORT ERROR
16
17 001450 032711 3$:      BIT      #GO, (R1)      ; GO BIT CLEARED?
          000001
18 001454 001001      BNE      4$                ; NO - SKIP ERROR
19
20               ; *****
21               ;
22               ;      ERROR CODE 16 - GO BIT CLEARED BY
23               ;      OVERFLOW IN MODE 1
24               ;
25               ; *****
26               ;
27 001456          ERROR      16                ; REPORT ERROR
28
29 001460 4$:      EXIT                          ; ALL DONE
```



```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 11: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 0
2
3          ; THIS TEST VEIFIES THAT THE CLOCK COUNTS AT THE 1MHZ,
4          ; 100 KHZ, 10KHZ, 1KHZ, 100HZ, AND BEVENT RATES.
5
6 001462 013701 TEST11: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
              000542
7 001466 012704          MOV     #6,R4        ; ITERATION COUNT
              000006
8 001472 012702          MOV     #<RATE1+MODE0+G0>,R2
              000011
9 001476 010203 1$:      MOV     R2,R3          ; GENERATE SPECIAL CSR
10 001500 052703        BIS     #<DIO+RATE0+MODE2+G0>,R3
              004005
11 001504          SCOPE                      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
12 001506 005011        CLR     (R1)           ; CLEAR CSR
13 001510 005061        CLR     2(R1)         ; CLEAR BPR
              000002
14 001514 010211        MOV     R2,(R1)       ; SET RATE
15 001516 005000        CLR     R0            ; DELAY
16 001520 077001 2$:      SOB     R0,2$
17 001522 011100        MOV     (R1),R0       ; SAVE CSR
18 001524 010311        MOV     R3,(R1)       ; READ CLOCK
19 001526 052711        BIS     #MST2,(R1)    ; AFTER ST2
              001000
20 001532 005761        TST     2(R1)         ; DID IT COUNT?
              000002
21 001536 001004        BNE     3$            ; YES - CONTINUE
22 001540 105700        TSTB    R0            ; PERHAPS THERE WAS
23 001542 100402        BMI     3$            ; OVERFLOW
24
25          ; *****
26
27          ; ERROR CODE 17 - CLOCK DIDN'T COUNT
28
29          ; *****
30
31 001544          ERROR    17,CLOCK          ; REPORT ERROR
32
33 001550 062702 3$:      ADD     #10,R2        ; GENERATE NEXT STATE
              000010
34 001554 022702        CMP     #<RATE6+G0>,R2 ; SKIP ST1 RATE
              000061
35 001560 001773        BEQ     3$
36 001562 077433        SOB     R4,1$         ; LOOP UNTIL DONE
37 001564          EXIT
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 12: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 0
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE CLOCK DOES NOT COUNT WHEN
4          ; THE STOP RATE IS SELECTED.
5
6 001566 013701 TEST12: MOV     0#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 001572          SCOPE
8 001574 005011          CLR     (R1)          ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
9 001576 005061          CLR     2(R1)         ; CLEAR CSR
          000002
10 001602 012711         MOV     #<RATE0+MODE0+GO>, (R1)
          000001
11 001606 052711         BIS     #MST1, (R1)    ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
12 001612 005000         CLR     R0            ; WAIT
13 001614 077001 1$:     SOB     R0, 1$
14 001616 011100         MOV     (R1), R0       ; SAVE CSR
15 001620 012711         MOV     #<DIO+RATE0+MODE2+GO>, (R1)
          004005
16 001624 052711         BIS     #MST2, (R1)    ; GENERATE ST2
          001000
17 001630 005761         TST     2(R1)         ; DID IT COUNT?
          000002
18 001634 001002         BNE     2$            ; YES - ERROR
19 001636 105700         TSTB    R0            ; OVERFLOW?
20 001640 100002         BPL     3$            ; NO - SKIP ERROR
21
22          ; *****
23          ;
24          ;     ERROR CODE 21 - CLOCK COUNTED WHEN STOP
25          ;     RATE WAS SELECTED
26          ;
27          ; *****
28          ;
29 001642 2$:     ERROR  21, CLOCK      ; REPORT ERROR
30
31 001646 3$:     EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 13: CLOCK COUNTING, MODE 1
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE CLOCK WILL COUNT IN
4          ; MODE 1.
5
6 001650 013701 TEST13: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
              000542
7 001654                      SCOPE              ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
8 001656 005011          CLR     (R1)            ; CLEAR CSR
9 001660 012761          MOV     #-1,2(R1)       ; LOAD BPR.
              177777
              000002
10 001666 012711          MOV     #<RATE1+MODE1+GO>,(R1)
              000013
11 001672 005000          CLR     R0              ; WAIT
12 001674 077001 1$:     SOB     R0,1$
13 001676 105711          TSTB    (R1)            ; OVERFLOW?
14 001700 100402          BMI     2$              ; YES - SKIP ERROR
15
16          ; *****
17          ;
18          ;     ERROR CODE 22 - CLOCK DIDN'T OVERFLOW
19          ;
20          ; *****
21          ;
22 001702                      ERROR    22,CLOCK      ; REPORT ERROR
23
24 001706 2$:     EXIT
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 14: MAINTENANCE ST2
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT BITS 15 AND 0 CAN BE
4          ; PROPERLY EXERCISED BY THE MAINTENANCE ST2 BIT.
5          ;
6 001710 013701 TEST14: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
              000542
7 001714 005011          CLR     (R1)          ; CLEAR CSR
8 001716 012702          MOV     #<ST2F+GO>,R2  ; INIT. TEST REGISTER
              100001
9 001722          SCOPE
10 001724 012711          MOV     #GO,(R1)      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
              000001                      ; SET GO BIT
11 001730 052711          BIS     #MST2,(R1)    ; GENERATE ST2
              001000
12 001734 011100          MOV     (R1),R0       ; GET CSR
13 001736 074200          XOR     R2,R0        ; TEST BITS
14 001740 001402          BEQ     1$            ; GOOD - SKIP ERROR
15          ;
16          ; *****
17          ;
18          ; ERROR CODE 23 - ST2 FAILED TO SET BIT 15
19          ;
20          ; *****
21          ;
22 001742          ERROR    23,REG              ; REPORT ERROR
23          ;
24 001746 005011 1$:     CLR     (R1)          ; CLEAR CSR
25 001750 012702          MOV     #<ST2F+GO>,R2
              100001
26 001754          SCOPE
27 001756 012711          MOV     #ST2G,(R1)    ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
              020000                      ; ST2 GO ENB
28 001762 052711          BIS     #MST2,(R1)    ; GENERATE ST2
              001000
29 001766 011100          MOV     (R1),R0       ; GET CSR
30 001770 074200          XOR     R2,R0        ; TEST BITS
31 001772 001402          BEQ     2$            ; GOOD - SKIP ERROR
32          ;
33          ; *****
34          ;
35          ; ERROR CODE 24 - ST2 FAILED TO SET GO BIT
36          ; AND/OR CLEAR ST2 GO ENABLE
37          ;
38          ; *****
39          ;
40 001774          ERROR    24,REG              ; REPORT ERROR
41          ;
42 002000 2$:     EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 15: INTERRUPT ON OVERFLOW
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE CLOCK CAN INTERRUPT THE
4          ; PROCESSOR PROPERLY ON OVERFLOW.
5          ;
6 002002 013701 TEST15: MOV    @#BASE, R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 002006 005011          CLR    (R1)          ; CLEAR CSR
8 002010 013703          MOV    @#VECTOR, R3    ; GET VECTOR ADDRESS
          000544
9 002014          RELMOV  #2$, R0              ; GENERATE ISR ADDRESS
10 002022 010013          MOV    R0, (R3)      ; SAVE
11 002024 005004          CLR    R4
12 002026 012705          MOV    #PR7, R5
          000340
13 002032          SCOPE
14 002034 012761          MOV    #-1, 2(R1)     ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
          177777 ; LOAD BPR
          000002
15 002042 012711          MOV    #<INTOV+RATE6+MODE0+GO>, (R1)
          000161
16 002046 052711          BIS    #MST1, (R1)   ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
17 002052 105711          TSTB   (R1)          ; OVERFLOW SET?
18 002054 100402          BMI    1$            ; YES - CONTINUE
19          ;
20          ; *****
21          ;
22          ; ERROR CODE 25 - OVERFLOW BIT NOT SET
23          ;
24          ; *****
25          ;
26 002056          ERROR    25                  ; REPORT ERROR
27 002060 000410          BR     3$              ; CAN'T CONTINUE
28          ;
29 002062 106404 1$:      MTPS    R4              ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
30 002064 000240          NOP                    ; WINDOW
31 002066 106405          MTPS    R5              ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
32          ;
33          ; *****
34          ;
35          ; ERROR CODE 26 - NO INTERRUPT ON OVERFLOW
36          ;
37          ; *****
38          ;
39 002070          ERROR    26                  ; REPORT ERROR
40 002072 000403          BR     3$              ; CAN'T CONTINUE
41          ;
42 002074 062706 2$:      ADD     #4, SP         ; RESTORE STACK
          000004
43 002100 005011          CLR    (R1)          ; CLEAR CSR
44 002102 3$:      EXIT

```

.SBTTL TEST 16: INTERRUPT ON ST2

```

1
2
3 ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE CLOCK CAN INTERRUPT THE
4 ; PROCESSOR PROPERLY ON AN ST2 PULSE.
5
6 002104 013701 TEST16: MOV    @#BASE, R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 002110 005011      CLR    (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
8 002112 013703      MOV    @#VECTOR, R3      ; GET VECTOR ADDRESS
          000544
9 002116 062703      ADD    #4, R3            ; ADJUST VECTOR
          000004
10 002122      RELMOV  #2$, R0                ; GENERATE ISR ADDRESS
11 002130 010013      MOV    R0, (R3)         ; SAVE
12 002132 005004      CLR    R4
13 002134 012705      MOV    #PR7, R5
          000340
14 002140      SCOPE
15 002142 012711      MOV    #<INT2+G0>, (R1) ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
          040001      ; LOAD CSR
16 002146 052711      BIS    #MST2, (R1)      ; GENERATE ST2
          001000
17 002152 005711      TST    (R1)             ; ST2 SET?
18 002154 100402      BMI    1$               ; YES - CONTINUE
19
20 ; *****
21 ;
22 ; ERROR CODE 27 - ST2 NOT SET
23 ;
24 ; *****
25 ;
26 002156      ERROR   27                      ; REPORT ERROR
27 002160 000410      BR     3$                ; CAN'T CONTINUE
28
29 002162 106404 1$:   MTPS   R4                ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
30 002164 000240      NOP                      ; WINDOW
31 002166 106405      MTPS   R5                ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
32
33 ; *****
34 ;
35 ; ERROR CODE 30 - NO INTERRUPT ON ST2
36 ;
37 ; *****
38 ;
39 002170      ERROR   30                      ; REPORT ERROR
40 002172 000403      BR     3$                ; CAN'T CONTINUE
41
42 002174 062706 2$:   ADD    #4, SP            ; RESTORE STACK
          000004
43 002200 005011      CLR    (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
44 002202 3$:   EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 17: FLAG OVERRUN BIT
2          ;
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE FOR BIT IN THE CSR
4          ; OPERATES PROPERLY.
5          ;
6 002204 013701 TEST17: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 002210                SCOPE                ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
8 002212 005011        CLR      (R1)          ; CLEAR CSR
9 002214 012711        MOV      #GO,(R1)      ; SET GO BIT
          000001
10 002220 052711        BIS      #MST2,(R1)    ; GENERATE ST2
          001000
11 002224 052711        BIS      #MST2,(R1)    ; GENERATE ANOTHER
          001000
12 002230 032711        BIT      #<FOR+ST2F>,(R1)
          110000
13 002234 001001        BNE      1$            ; YES - SKIP ERROR
14          ;
15          ; *****
16          ;
17          ; ERROR CODE 31 - FLAG OVERRUN BIT/ST2 FLAG
18          ; NOT SET AS EXPECTED
19          ;
20          ; *****
21          ;
22 002236                ERROR    31            ; REPORT ERROR
23          ;
24 002240 042711 1$:    BIC      #GO,(R1)      ; CLEAR GO BIT
          000001
25 002244 052711        BIS      #GO,(R1)      ; SET GO BIT
          000001
26 002250 032711        BIT      #<FOR+ST2F>,(R1)
          110000
27 002254 001401        BEQ      2$            ; GOOD- SKIP ERROR
28          ;
29          ; *****
30          ;
31          ; ERROR CODE 32 - FLAG OVERRUN BIT/ST2 FLAG
32          ; NOT CLEARED BY GO BIT
33          ;
34          ; *****
35          ;
36 002256                ERROR    32            ; REPORT ERROR

```

```

1 002260          2$:  SCOPE          ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
2 002262 005011    CLR      (R1)      ; CLEAR CSR
3 002264 012761    MOV      #-1,2(R1) ; LOAD BPR
          177777
          000002
4 002272 012711    MOV      #<RATE6+MODE1+GO>, (R1)
          000063
5 002276 052711    BIS      #MST1, (R1) ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
6 002302 105711    TSTB     (R1)      ; OVERFLOW SET?
7 002304 100402    BMI      3$        ; YES - CONTINUE
8
9                ; *****
10               ;
11               ;
12               ;
13               ; *****
14               ;
15 002306          ERROR  33          ; REPORT ERROR
16 002310 000412    BR      5$        ; CAN'T CONTINUE
17
18 002312 032711    3$:  BIT      #FOR, (R1) ; FOR BIT SET?
          010000
19 002316 001401    BEQ      4$        ; NO - CONTINUE
20
21               ; *****
22               ;
23               ;
24               ;
25               ;
26               ; *****
27               ;
28 002320          ERROR  34          ; REPORT ERROR
29
30 002322 052711    4$:  BIS      #MST1, (R1) ; GENERATE ST1
          000400
31 002326 032711    BIT      #FOR, (R1) ; FOR SET?
          010000
32 002332 001001    BNE      5$        ; YES - SKIP ERROR
33
34               ; *****
35               ;
36               ;
37               ; *****
38               ;
39               ;
40 002334          ERROR  35          ; REPORT ERROR
41
42 002336          5$:  EXIT

```



```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 20: OSCILLATOR
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT CSR BIT 11 DISABLES THE
4          ; INTERNAL OSCILLATOR, AND THAT THE MAINTENANCE
5          ; OSCILLATOR BIT FUNCTIONS PROPERLY.
6
7 002340 013701 TEST20: MOV    @#BASE,R1          ; GET ADDRESS
           000542
8 002344 012702          MOV    #<RATE1+MODE0+GO>,R2
           000011
9 002350 012703          MOV    #<DIO+RATE1+MODE2+GO>,R3
           004015
10 002354          SCOPE                                ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
11 002356 005011          CLR    (R1)                  ; CLEAR CSR
12 002360 005061          CLR    2(R1)                 ; CLEAR BPR
           000002
13 002364 012711          MOV    #DIO,(R1)             ; DISABLE OSCILLATOR
           004000
14 002370 050211          BIS    R2,(R1)               ; TRY TO COUNT
15 002372 005000          CLR    R0                    ; WAIT
16 002374 077001 1$:      SOB    R0,1$
17 002376 011100          MOV    (R1),R0                ; GET CSR
18 002400 010311          MOV    R3,(R1)                ; READ CLOCK
19 002402 052711          BIS    #MST2,(R1)            ; GENERATE ST2
           001000
20 002406 005761          TST    2(R1)                 ; SHOULD BE ZERO
           000002
21 002412 001002          BNE    2$                    ; OOPS, ERROR
22 002414 105700          TSTB   R0                     ; CHECK OVERFLOW TOO
23 002416 100001          BPL    3$                    ; GOOD - NOT SET
24
25          ; *****
26          ;
27          ;      ERROR CODE 36 - CLOCK COUNTED WITH INTERNAL
28          ;      OSCILLATOR DISABLED
29          ;
30          ; *****
31
32 002420 2$:      ERROR    36                        ; REPORT ERROR

```

```

1 002422      3$: SCOPE      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
2 002424 005011 CLR      (R1) ; CLEAR CSR
3 002426 005061 CLR      2(R1) ; CLEAR BPR
      000002
4 002432 012711 MOV      #DIO, (R1) ; DISABLE OSCILLATOR
      004000
5 002436 050211 BIS      R2, (R1) ; TRY TO COUNT
6 002440 005000 CLR      R0
7 002442 052711 4$: BIS      #MOSC, (R1) ; GENERATE STROBE
      002000
8 002446 077003 SOB      R0, 4$ ; LOOP BACK
9 002450 011100 MOV      (R1), R0 ; GET CSR
10 002452 010311 MOV      R3, (R1) ; READ CLOCK
11 002454 052711 BIS      #MST2, (R1) ; GENERATE ST2
      001000
12 002460 005761 TST      2(R1) ; DID IT COUNT?
      000002
13 002464 001003 BNE      5$ ; YES - ALL DONE
14 002466 105700 TSTB     R0 ; OVERFLOW?
15 002470 100401 BMI      5$ ; JUST AS GOOD
16      ;
17      ; *****
18      ;
19      ; ERROR CODE 37 - OVERFLOW BIT NOT SET
20      ;
21      ; *****
22      ;
23 002472      ERROR 37 ; REPORT ERROR
24      ;
25 002474 5$: EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 21: FREQUENCY DIVIDERS
2
3          ; THIS TEST VERIFIES THAT THE ON-BOARD FREQUENCY DIVIDER
4          ; ARE FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. THIS INSURES THE ACCURACY OF
5          ; OF THE VARIOUS RATES.
6
7 002476 013701 TEST21: MOV      0#BASE,R1          ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
8 002502          RELMOV  #DIVTAB,R3          ; GET TABLE ADDRESS
9 002510 012702 MOV      #<RATE1+MODE0+GO>,R2
          000011
10 002514          1$:  SCOPE                  ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
11 002516 011305 MOV      (R3),R5              ; GET LSW OF COUNT
12 002520 016304 MOV      2(R3),R4            ; GET MSW OF COUNT
          000002
13 002524 005011 CLR      (R1)                ; CLEAR CSR
14 002526 005061 CLR      2(R1)              ; CLEAR BPR
          000002
15 002532 052711 BIS      #DIO,(R1)          ; DISABLE OSCILLATOR
          004000
16 002536 050211 BIS      R2,(R1)            ; SET RATE
17 002540 052711 2$:  BIS      #MOSC,(R1)      ; MAINT. OSCILLATOR
          002000
18 002544 162705 SUB      #1,R5              ; COUNT
          000001
19 002550 005604 SBC      R4
20 002552 103372 BCC      2$
21 002554 011100 MOV      (R1),R0            ; SAMPLE CSR
22 002556          PUSH  R2                  ; SAVE RATE
23 002560 052716 BIS      #<DIO+MODE2+GO>,(SP)
          004005
24 002564          POP   (R1)                ; LOAD CSR
25 002566 052711 BIS      #MST2,(R1)          ; GENERATE ST2
          001000
26 002572 022761 CMP      #1,2(R1)           ; CLOCK = 1?
          000001
          000002
27 002600 001402 BEQ      3$                  ; YES - SKIP ERROR
28
29          ; *****
30          ;
31          ; ERROR CODE 40 - DIVIDER DIDN'T DIVIDE
32          ;
33          ; *****
34          ;
35 002602          ERROR  40,CLOCK            ; REPORT ERROR
  
```

```

1 002606      3$: SCOPE      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
2 002610      011305      MOV      (R3), R5      ; GET LSW OF COUNT
3 002612      016304      MOV      2(R3), R4      ; GET MSW OF COUNT
      000002
4 002616      162705      SUB      #1, R5      ; SUBTRACT 1
      000001
5 002622      005604      SBC      R4
6 002624      005011      CLR      (R1)      ; CLEAR CSR
7 002626      005061      CLR      2(R1)      ; CLEAR BPR
      000002
8 002632      052711      BIS      #DIO, (R1)      ; DISABLE OSCILLATOR
      004000
9 002636      050211      BIS      R2, (R1)      ; SET RATE
10 002640      052711      4$: BIS      #MOSC, (R1)      ; MAINT. OSCILLATOR
      002000
11 002644      162705      SUB      #1, R5      ; COUNT
      000001
12 002650      005604      SBC      R4
13 002652      103372      BCC      4$
14 002654      011100      MOV      (R1), R0      ; SAMPLE CSR
15 002656      PUSH      R2      ; SAVE RATE
16 002660      052716      BIS      #<DIO+MODE2+G0>, (SP)
      004005
17 002664      POP      (R1)      ; LOAD CSR
18 002666      052711      BIS      #MST2, (R1)      ; GENERATE ST2
      001000
19 002672      005761      TST      2(R1)      ; COUNT = 0?
      000002
20 002676      001402      BEQ      5$      ; YES - SKIP ERROR
21
22      ; *****
23      ;
24      ; ERROR CODE 41 - DIVIDER DIVIDED BY TOO
25      ; LITTLE (EARLY)
26      ;
27      ; *****
28      ;
29 002700      ERROR      41, CLOCK      ; REPORT ERROR
30
31 002704      062703      5$: ADD      #4, R3      ; BUMP TABLE POINTER
      000004
32 002710      062702      ADD      #10, R2      ; BUMP RATE
      000010
33 002714      022702      CMP      #<RATE6+G0>, R2      ; DONE?
      000061
34 002720      001275      BNE      1$      ; NO - LOOP BACK
35 002722      EXIT
36
37      ; TABLE OF 32 BIT COUNT VALUES
38      ;
39      .NLIST BIN
40 002724      DIVTAB: .WORD      11, 0      ; DECIMAL 10 - 1
41 002730      .WORD      143, 0      ; DECIMAL 100 - 1
42 002734      .WORD      1747, 0      ; DECIMAL 1000 - 1
43 002740      .WORD      23417, 0      ; DECIMAL 10000 - 1
44 002744      .WORD      103237, 1      ; DECIMAL 100000 - 1
45      .LIST BIN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 22: MODE 2 OPERATION
2
3          ; THIS TEST USES THE MAINTENANCE OSCILLATOR AND THE
4          ; MAINTENANCE ST2 TO CHECK MODE 2 OPERATION.
5
6 002750 013701 TEST22: MOV     @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
          000542
7 002754          SCOPE                      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
8 002756          CLR     (R1)                ; CLEAR CSR
9 002760          CLR     2(R1)                ; CLEAR BFR
          000002
10 002764          MOV     #<DIO+RATE1+MODE2+GO>,(R1)
          004015
11 002770          MOV     #20,R0              ; DO 20 PULSES
          000024
12 002774          1$:  BIS     #MOSC,(R1)      ; GENERATE PULSE
          002000
13 003000          SOB     R0,1$
14 003002          BIS     #MST2,(R1)          ; SAVE COUNT
          001000
15 003006          CMP     #2,2(R1)            ; COUNT = 2?
          000002
          000002
16 003014          BEQ     2$                  ; YES - SKIP ERROR
          001401
17          ;
18          ; *****
19          ;
20          ; ERROR CODE 42 - CLOCK DIDN'T COUNT
21          ;
22          ; *****
23          ;
24 003016          ERROR    42                  ; REPORT ERROR
25          ;
26 003020          2$:  BIC     #ST2F,(R1)      ; CLEAR ST2 FLAG
          100000
27 003024          BIS     #MST2,(R1)          ; GENERATE ANOTHER ST2
          001000
28 003030          CMP     #2,2(R1)            ; COUNT STILL = 2?
          000002
          000002
29 003036          BEQ     3$                  ; YES - EXIT
          001401
30          ;
31          ; *****
32          ;
33          ; ERROR CODE 43 - CLOCK WAS CLEARED WHEN
34          ; IT SHOULDN'T HAVE BEEN
35          ;
36          ; *****
37          ;
38 003040          ERROR    43                  ; REPORT ERROR
39          ;
40 003042          3$:  EXIT

```

.SBTTL TEST 23: MODE 3 OPERATION

```

1
2
3 ; THIS TEST USES THE MAINTENANCE OSCILLATOR AND THE
4 ; MAINTENANCE ST2 TO CHECK MODE 3 OPERATION
5 ;
6 003044 013701 TEST23: MOV    @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
      000542
7 003050                SCOPE                ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
8 003052 005011        CLR    (R1)           ; CLEAR CSR
9 003054 005061        CLR    2(R1)          ; CLEAR BPR
      000002
10 003060 012711        MOV    #<DIO+RATE1+MODE3+GO>,(R1)
      004017
11 003064 012700        MOV    #20,R0        ; DO 20 PULSES
      000024
12 003070 052711 1$:    BIS    #MOSC,(R1)     ; GENERATE PULSE
      002000
13 003074 077003        SOB    R0,1$
14 003076 052711        BIS    #MST2,(R1)     ; SAVE COUNT
      001000
15 003102 022761        CMP    #2,2(R1)       ; COUNT = 2?
      000002
      000002
16 003110 001401        BEQ    2$            ; YES - SKIP ERROR
17
18 ; *****
19 ;
20 ; ERROR CODE 44 - CLOCK DIDN'T COUNT
21 ;
22 ; *****
23 ;
24 003112                ERROR    44          ; REPORT ERROR
25
26 003114 042711 2$:    BIC    #ST2F,(R1)     ; CLEAR ST2 FLAG
      100000
27 003120 052711        BIS    #MST2,(R1)     ; GENERATE ANOTHER ST2
      001000
28 003124 005761        TST    2(R1)          ; COUNT = 0 NOW?
      000002
29 003130 001401        BEQ    3$            ; YES - EXIT
30
31 ; *****
32 ;
33 ; ERROR CODE 45 - CLOCK WASN'T CLEARED WHEN
34 ; IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN
35 ;
36 ; *****
37 ;
38 003132                ERROR    45          ; REPORT ERROR
39
40 003134 3$:    EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 24: END OF LOGIC TESTS
2
3          ; THIS TEST IS USED TO FORCE THE TST-11 SEQUENCER TO
4          ; RETURN TO COMMAND LEVEL.  THE REMAINING TESTS REQUIRE
5          ; USER CONNECTIONS AND THUS MUST BE EXECUTED INDIVIDUALL
6          ;
7 003136    TEST24: ESCAPE
8
9
10
11          .SBTTL  TEST 25: ST2,ST1 OUTPUTS
12
13          ; THIS TEST PROVIDES CONTINUOUS HIGH SPEED PULSES
14          ; ON THE ST2 AND ST1 OUTPUTS FOR MEASUREMENT AND
15          ; OBSERVATION WITH AN OSCILLOSCOPE.
16          ;
17 003140    013701  TEST25: MOV      @#BASE,R1          ; GET ADDRESS
18           000542
19 003144    005011          CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
20 003146    012711  1$:      KBEXIT                    ; SET UP KEYBOARD
21           001400          MOV      #<MST2+MST1>,(R1)    ; STROBE
22 003154    000775          BR       1$                  ; LOOP BACK
23
24
25          .SBTTL  TEST 26: OVERFLOW OUTPUT
26
27          ; THIS TEST GENERATES CONTINUOUS HIGH SPEED PULSES
28          ; ON THE OVERFLOW OUTPUT FOR MEASUREMENT AND
29          ; OBSERVATION WITH AN OSCILLOSCOPE.  EVERY TIME
30          ; A CHARACTER IS TYPED, THE RATE SELECT FIELD IS
31          ; INCREMENTED BY ONE.
32
33
34 003156    013701  TEST26: MOV      @#BASE,R1          ; GET ADDRESS
35           000542
36 003162    012702          MOV      #<RATE1+MODE1+GO>,R2  ; INITIAL RATE
37           000013
38 003166    005011  1$:      CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
39 003170    012761          MOV      #-1,2(R1)           ; PRESET BPR
40           177777
41           000002
42 003176    010211          MOV      R2,(R1)              ; SET UP OUTPUT
43 003200          PRINT    <RATE,MODE = >
44 003220    010200          MOV      R2,R0
45 003222          OCT8
46 003224          CRLF
47 003226          TTYIN                                ; WAIT FOR CHARACTER
48 003230    062702          ADD      #10,R2              ; NEXT RATE
49           000010
50 003234    042702          BIC      #177700,R2          ; PREVENT CARRIES
51           177700
52 003240    000752          BR       1$                  ; LOOP BACK

```

```

1      .SBTTL  TEST 27: ST2 OUT TO ST1 IN
2
3      ; THIS TEST REQUIRES THAT SWITCH PACK S3 BE SET
4      ; ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
5
6      ;          SWITCH  1 - OFF
7      ;                  2 - ON
8      ;                  3 - OFF
9      ;                  4 - OFF
10     ;                  5 - ON
11     ;                  6 - ON
12     ;                  7 - NOT USED
13     ;                  8 - NOT USED
14
15     ; THIS SELECTS TTL THRESHOLDS AND POSITIVE SLOPE FOR
16     ; SCHMITT TRIGGER 1.
17
18     ; REMOVE ANY PREVIOUS JUMPERS AND JUMPER
19
20     ;          PIN J1-SS  (ST2 OUT)  TO  PIN J1-VV (ST1 IN)
21
22
23 003242 013701 TEST27: MOV      @#BASE, R1          ; GET ADDRESS
24         000542
25
26 003246          SCOPE                      ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
27 003250 005011 CLR      (R1)                ; CLEAR CSR
28 003252 005061 CLR      2(R1)              ; CLEAR BPR
29         000002
30 003256 012711 MOV      #<RATE6+GO>, (R1)
31         000061
32 003262 052711 BIS      #MST2, (R1)        ; GENERATE ST2
33         001000
34 003266 012711 MOV      #<MODE2+GO>, (R1)
35         000005
36 003272 052711 BIS      #MST2, (R1)        ; CHECK COUNTER
37         001000
38 003276 022761 CMP      #1, 2(R1)          ; CORRECT?
39         000001
40         000002
41 003304 001401 BEQ      1$                  ; YES - SKIP ERROR
42
43 ; *****
44 ;
45 ;          ERROR CODE 46 - ST1 WAS NOT RECEIVED,
46 ;                      IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN
47 ;
48 ; *****
49
50 003306          ERROR  46                  ; REPORT ERROR
51 003310 1$:      EXIT

```



```

1          .SBTTL  TEST 30: ST1 OUT TO ST2 IN
2
3          ; THIS TEST REQUIRES THAT SWITCH PACK S3 BE SET
4          ; ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
5
6          ;          SWITCH  1 - OFF
7          ;                  2 - OFF
8          ;                  3 - OFF
9          ;                  4 - ON
10         ;                  5 - ON
11         ;                  6 - ON
12         ;                  7 - NOT USED
13         ;                  8 - NOT USED
14
15         ; THIS SELECTS TTL THRESHOLDS AND POSITIVE SLOPE FOR
16         ; SCHMITT TRIGGER 2.
17
18         ; REMOVE ANY PREVIOUS JUMPERS AND JUMPER
19
20         ;          PIN J1-UU  (ST1 OUT)  TO   PIN J1-TT  (ST2 IN)
21
22
23 003312 013701 TEST30: MOV      @#BASE,R1      ; GET ADDRESS
24         000542
25 003316 005011      CLR      (R1)              ; CLEAR CSR
26 003320      SCOPE              ; DECLARE LOOP POINT
27 003322 012711      MOV      #GO,(R1)         ; SET GO BIT
28         000001
29 003326 052711      BIS      #MST1,(R1)        ; GENERATE ST1
30         000400
31 003332 005711      TST      (R1)              ; ST2 FLAG SET?
32 003334 100401      BMI      1$                ; YES - SKIP ERROR
33
34         ; *****
35         ;          ERROR CODE 47 - ST2 WAS NOT RECEIVED,
36         ;                  IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN
37         ; *****
38 003336      ERROR  47              ; REPORT ERROR
39 003340 1$:      EXIT
40
41         000001      .END
  
```

BASE = 000542	I2769 = 000144RG	002 TEST10 = 001354R	002
BIT0 = 000001	LF = 000012	TEST11 = 001462R	002
BIT1 = 000002	LPERR = 000002	TEST12 = 001566R	002
BIT10 = 002000	LPTST = 000001	TEST13 = 001650R	002
BIT11 = 004000	MODE0 = 000000	TEST14 = 001710R	002
BIT12 = 010000	MODE1 = 000002	TEST15 = 002002R	002
BIT13 = 020000	MODE2 = 000004	TEST16 = 002104R	002
BIT14 = 040000	MODE3 = 000006	TEST17 = 002204R	002
BIT15 = 100000	MOSC = 002000	TEST2 = 000664R	002
BIT2 = 000004	MST1 = 000400	TEST20 = 002340R	002
BIT3 = 000010	MST2 = 001000	TEST21 = 002476R	002
BIT4 = 000020	NEWFLG = 010000	TEST22 = 002750R	002
BIT5 = 000040	NORPLY = 000260R	002 TEST23 = 003044R	002
BIT6 = 000100	ODTACC = 000514	TEST24 = 003136R	002
BIT7 = 000200	OVFLO = 000200	TEST25 = 003140R	002
BIT8 = 000400	PARAM = 000166R	002 TEST26 = 003156R	002
BIT9 = 001000	PR7 = 000340	TEST27 = 003242R	002
CLOCK = 000474R	002 RATE0 = 000000	TEST3 = 000776R	002
CR = 000015	RATE1 = 000010	TEST30 = 003312R	002
CSRBIT = 000752R	002 RATE2 = 000020	TEST4 = 001070R	002
CTRLC = 000003	RATE3 = 000030	TEST5 = 001132R	002
CTRLI = 000011	RATE4 = 000040	TEST6 = 001206R	002
DIO = 004000	RATE5 = 000050	TEST7 = 001266R	002
DIVTAB = 002724R	002 RATE6 = 000060	TPE = 000000R	002
ERRNUM = 000521	RATE7 = 000070	TSTALL = 000010	
FF = 000014	RBUF = 177562	TSTCSR = 000500	
FOR = 010000	RCSR = 177560	TSTNUM = 000520	
GO = 000001	REG = 000334R	002 TSTONE = 000040	
HLTERR = 000004	SPACE = 000040	TSTSEQ = 000020	
INHERR = 000100	ST2F = 100000	T2769 = 000000RG	002
INIT = 000144R	002 ST2G = 020000	VECTOR = 000544	
INTOV = 000100	SWR = 000540	XBUF = 177566	
INT2 = 040000	TEST1 = 000614R	002 XCSR = 177564	

ABS. 000000 000  
 000000 001  
 DT2769 003342 002  
 ERRORS DETECTED: 0

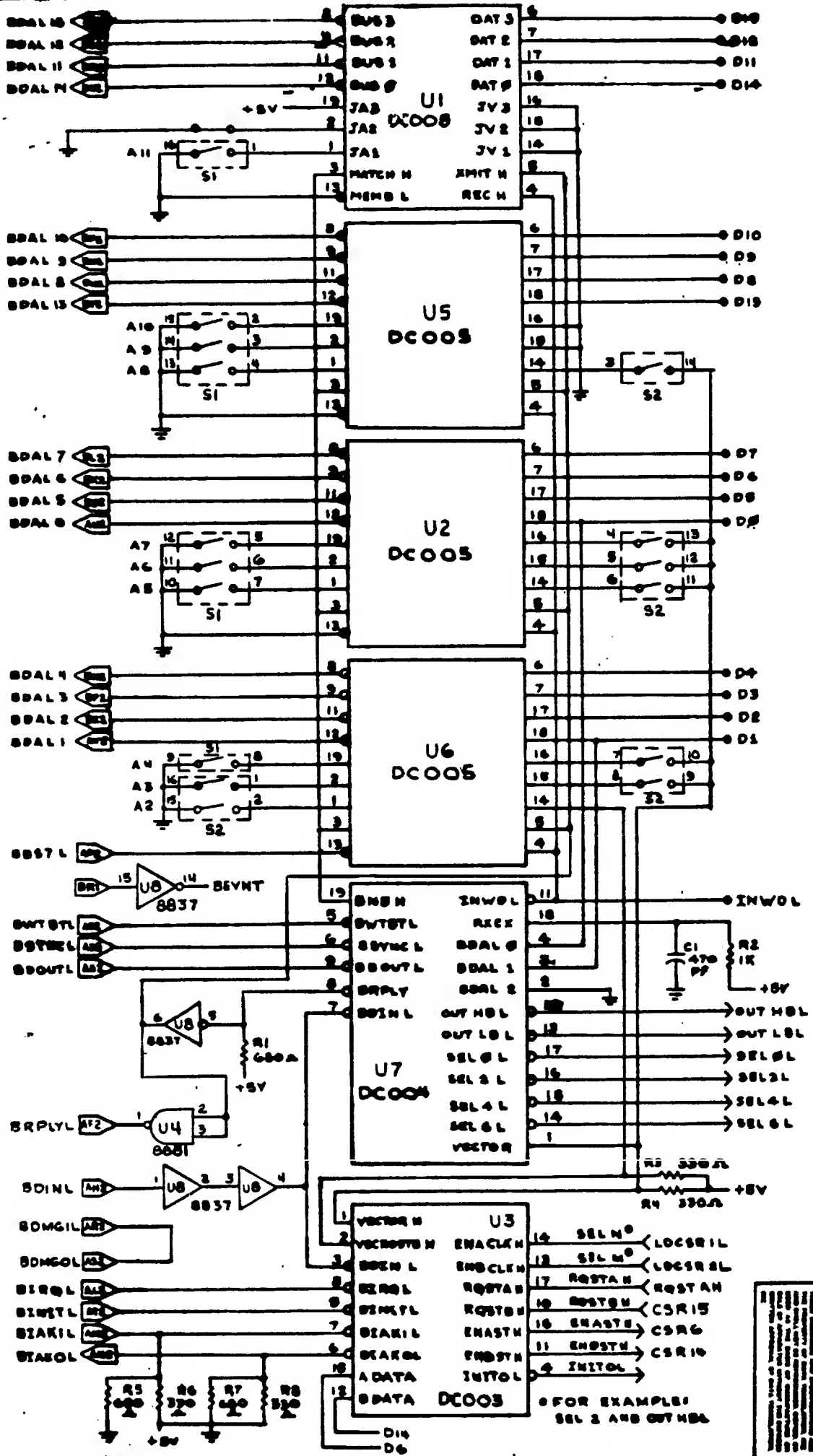
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 DYNAMIC MEMORY AVAILABLE FOR 74 PAGES  
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E-1	#173	7-3-79	K.E.D.	K.P.D.
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EPO57	SHT. 1 OF 1	
SIZE H	DWG. NO. 21020057	REV. H



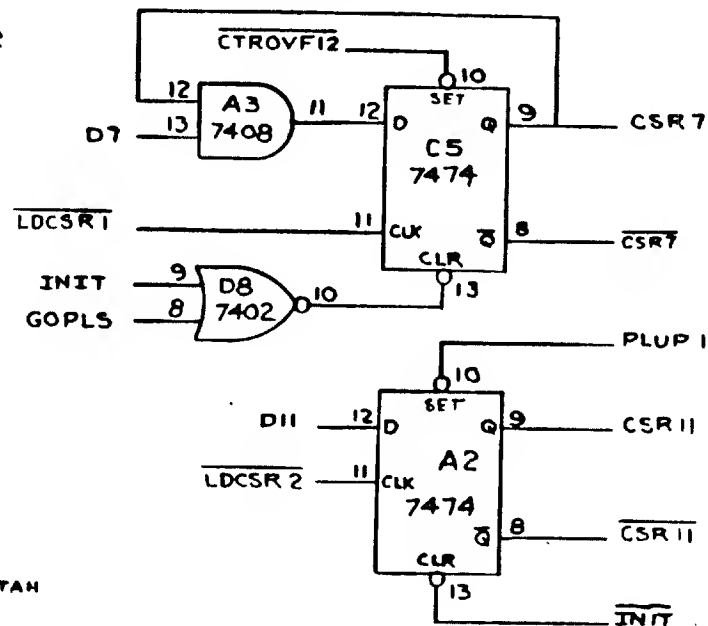
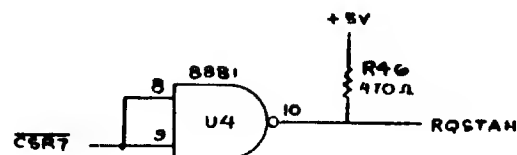
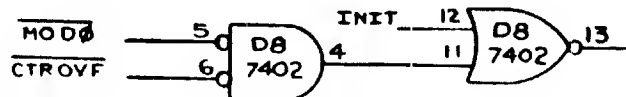
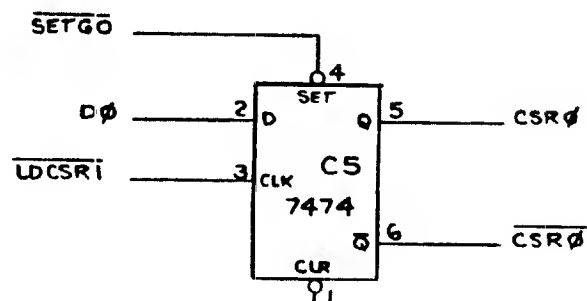
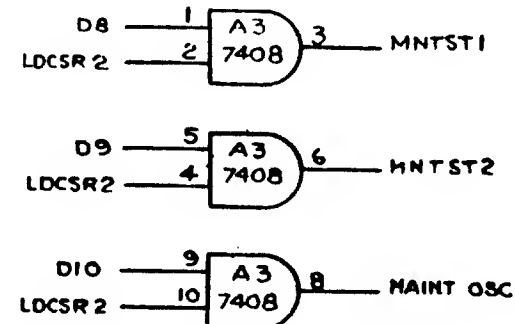
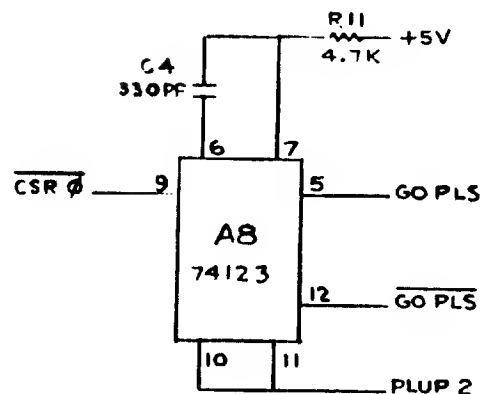
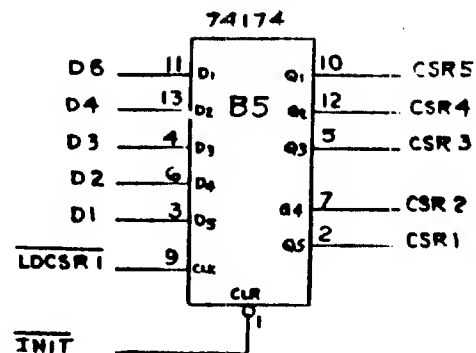
PIGEON CONNECTIONS

# STANDARD DMA INTERFACE

EP057 SAT SIZE DWG NO 21020057 REV 14

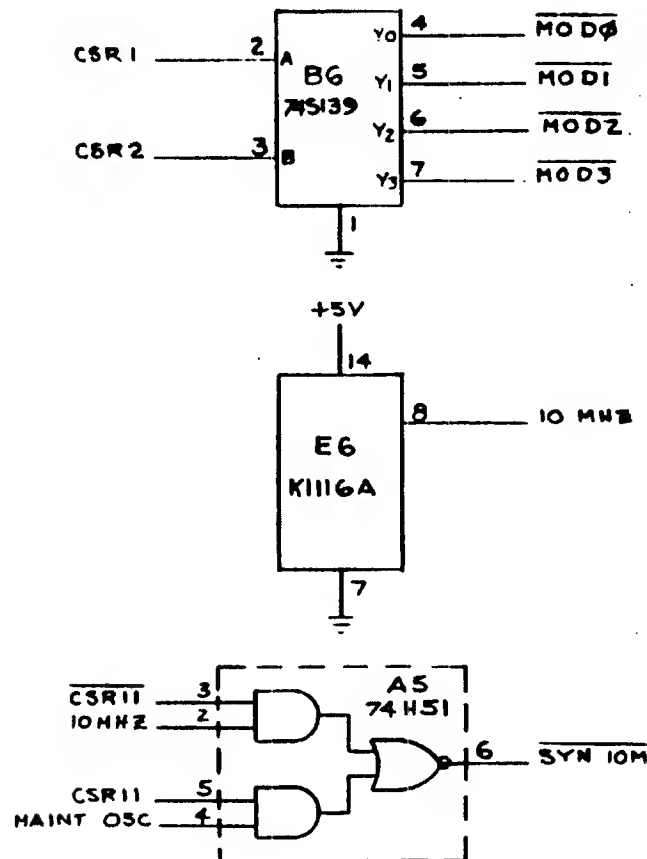
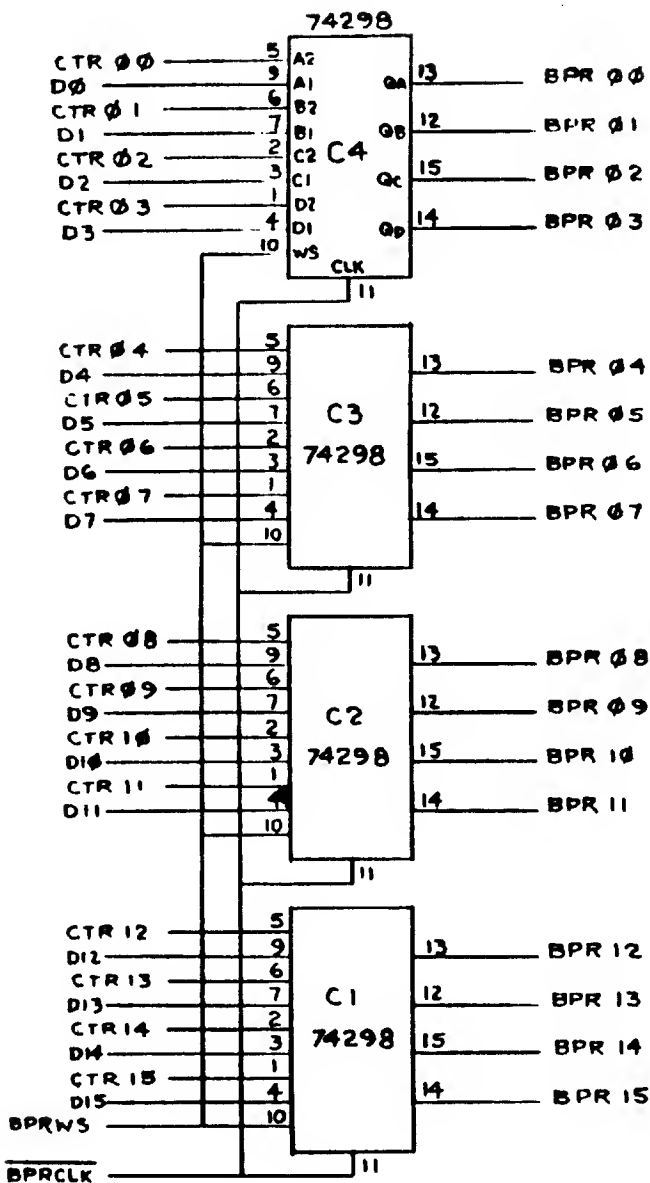
FOR EXAMPLE: SEL 2 AND OUT HBL





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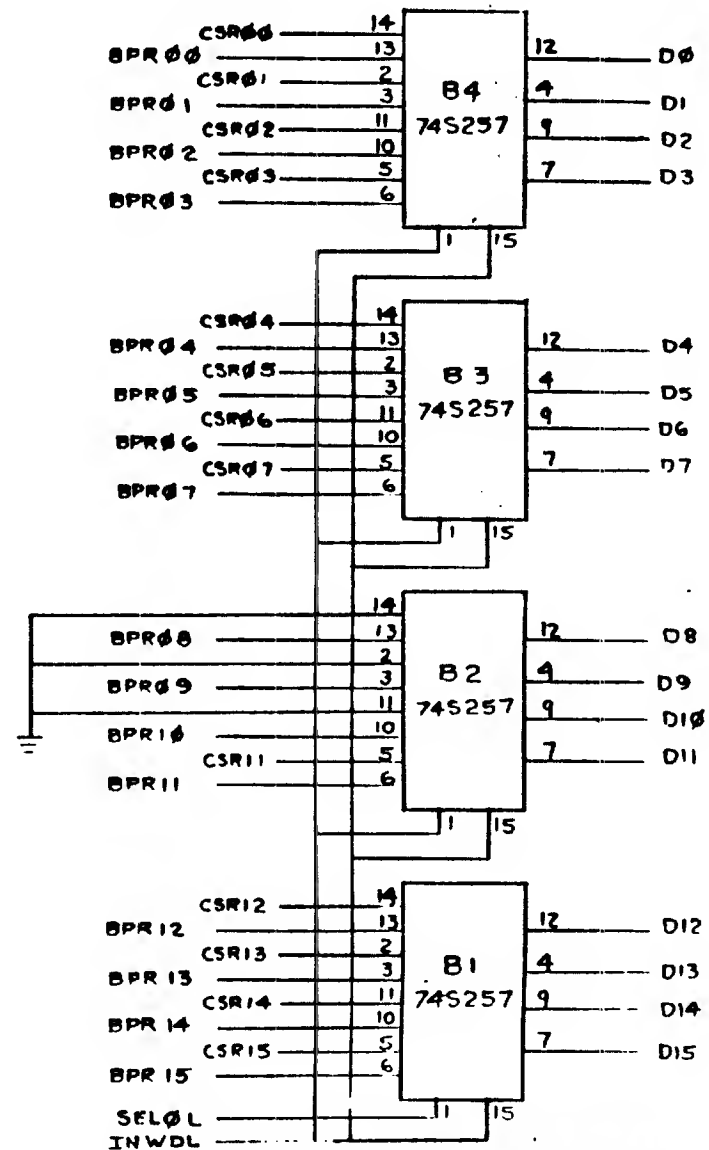
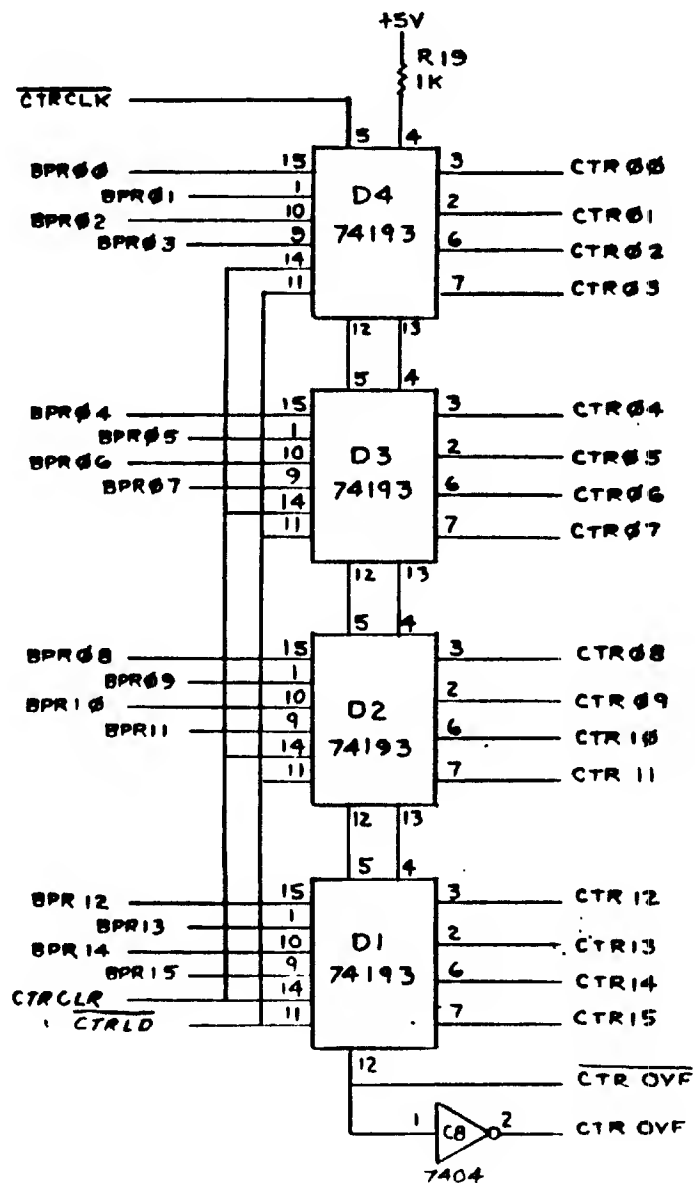
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B	EP057	21020057	H.
SCALE		SHEET 4 OF	



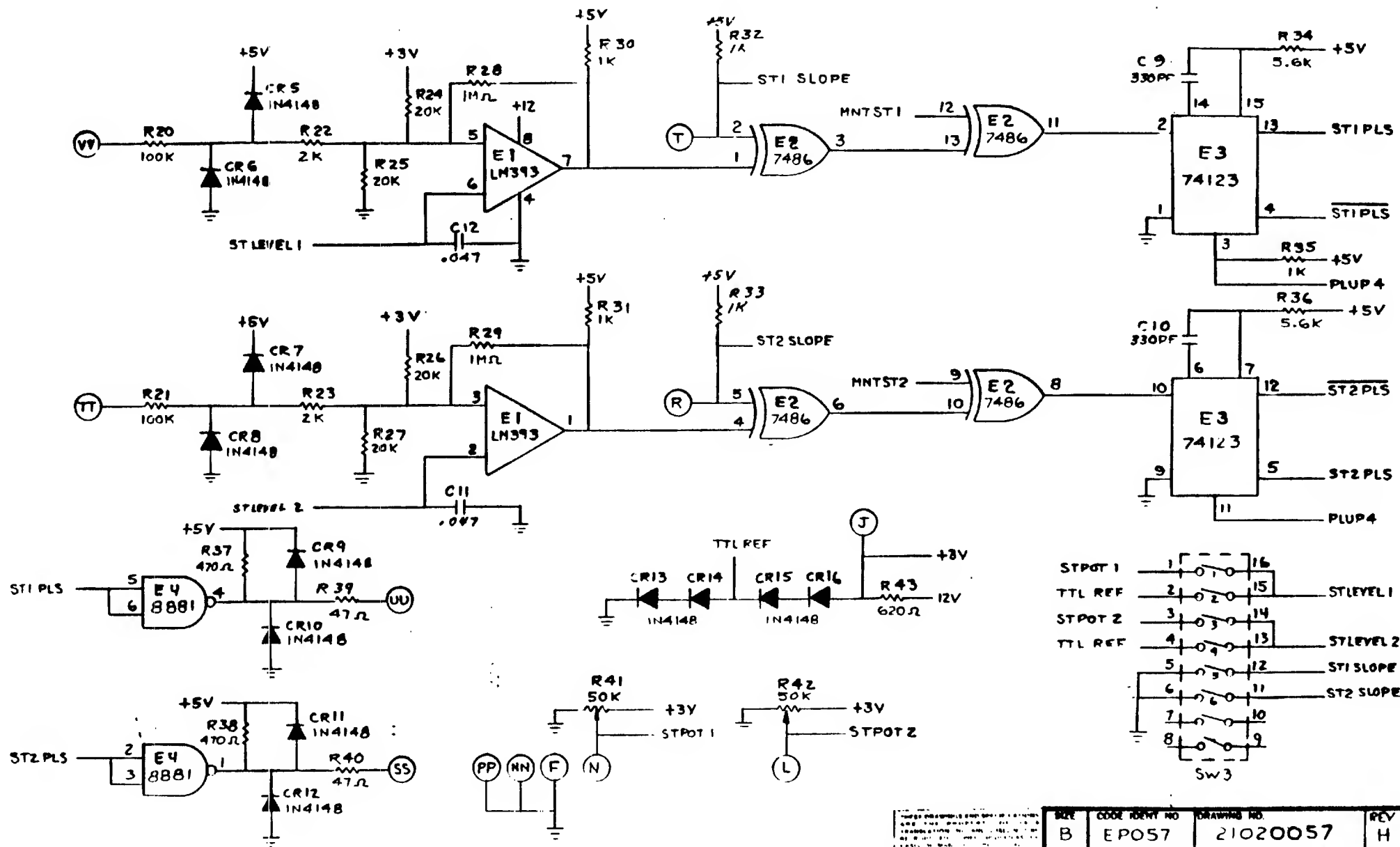
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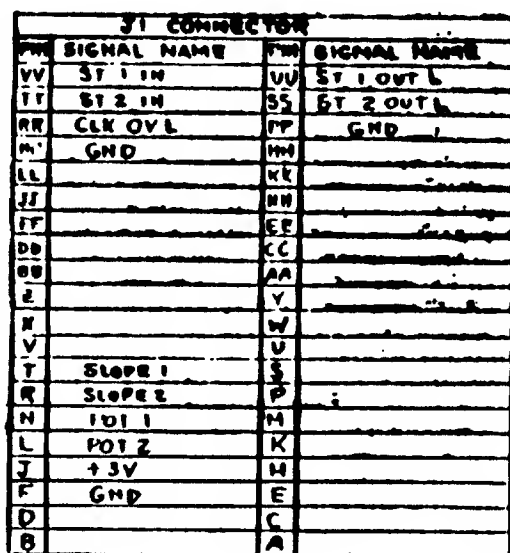




REV	CODE IDENT NO.	DRAWING NO.	REV
B	EPO57	21020057	H
SCALE		SHEET 7 OF	

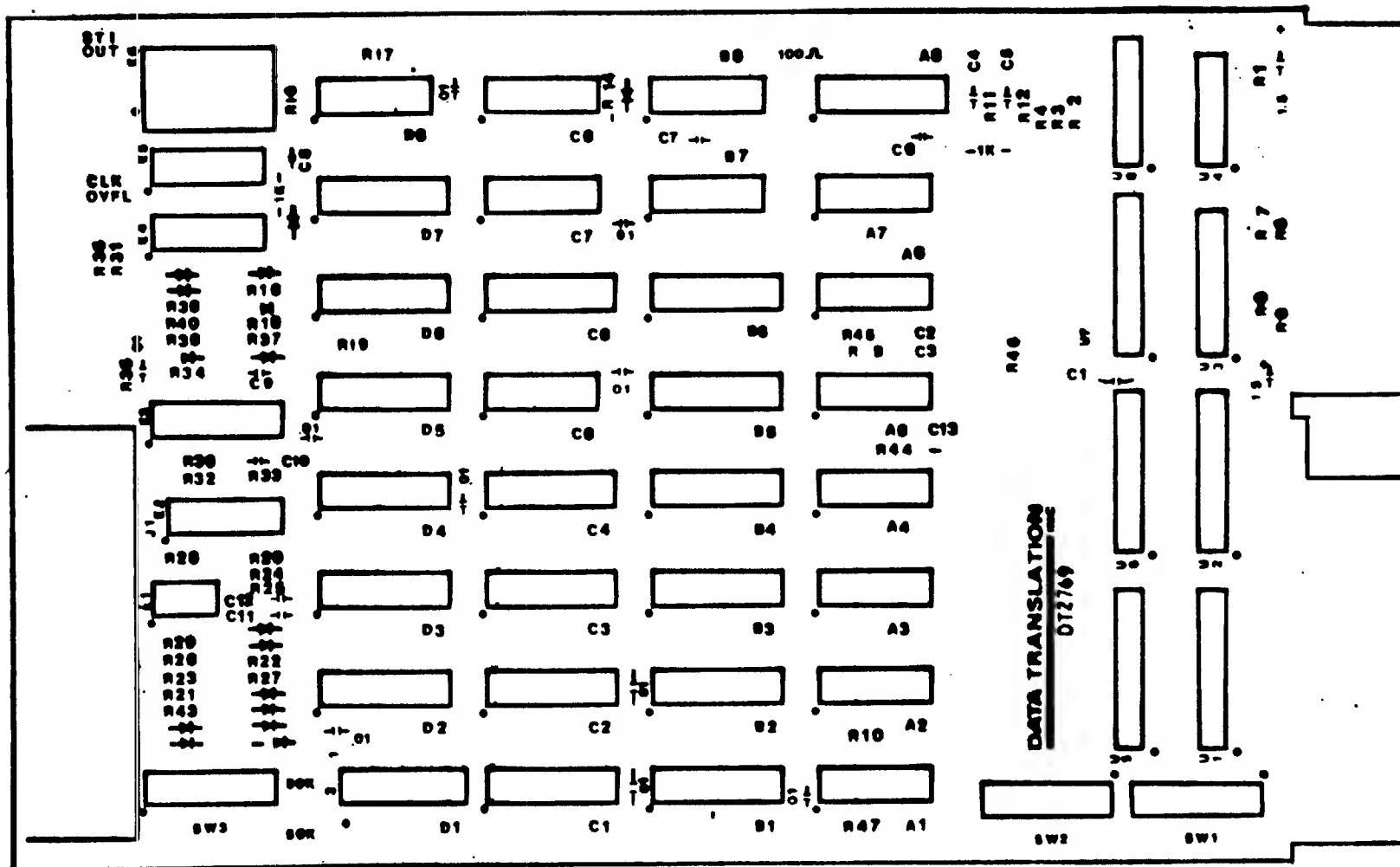


SIZE	CODE IDENT NO	DRAWING NO	REV
B	EPO57	21020057	H
SCALE			SHEET 8 OF



COMPONENT SIDE		SOLDER SIDE		COMPONENT SIDE		SOLDER SIDE	
PIN	SIGNAL NAME	PIN	SIGNAL NAME	PIN	SIGNAL NAME	PIN	SIGNAL NAME
BA1		BA2	+5V	AA1		AA2	+5V
BB1		BB2		AB1		AB2	
BC1		BC2	D GND	AC1		AC2	D GND
BD1		BD2		AD1		AD2	
BE1		BE3	BDAL 2L	AE1		AE2	BDOUT L
BF1		BF7	BDAL 3L	AF1		AF2	
BH1		BH2	BDAL 4L	AH1		AH2	BSYNL
BY1	D GND	BT2	BDAL 5L	AT1	D GND	AT2	BSYNCL
BH1		BH2	BDAL 6L	AK1		AK2	BWSTL
BL1		BL3	BDAL 7L	AL1		AL2	BIRGL
BH1	D GND	BH2	BDAL 8L	AM1	D GND	AM2	BIKIL
BH1		BH2	BDAL 9L	AN1		AN2	BIKOL
BP1		BP3	BDAL 10L	AP1		AP2	BBS 7L
BQ1		BQ8	BDAL 11L	AQ1		AQ2	BDMG 1L
BR1		BR2	BDAL 12L	AB1		AB2	BDMG 0L
BT1	D GND	BT2	BDAL 13L	AT1	D GND	AT2	DINITL
BV1		BV2	BDAL 14L	AU1		AU2	
BV1	+5V	BV2	BDAL 15L	AV1		AV2	

FORM PREPARED AND SUBMITTED BY JANUARY 1968 - OF 0007	SER CODE TEAM NO <b>B EPO57</b>	DRAWING NO <b>21020057</b>	REV <b>H</b>
FOR THE USE OF THE PROJECT OFFICE OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WASHINGTON, D.C.	<b>SCALE</b>	<b>SHY 9 OF 9</b>	



# COMPONENT DESIGNATIONS

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